

**FREEDOM OF INFORMATION  
AND  
PRIVACY ACTS**

**SUBJECT: MARTIN LUTHER KING JR.**

**FILE NUMBER: 100-106670**

**MAIN FILE**

**SECTION: 63**



**FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION**

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NO BETTER COPY CAN BE  
REPRODUCED.**

MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.

MAIN FILE

100-106670

SECTION 63

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-106670)

FROM : *JEM*  
*JA* SAC, PITTSBURGH (100-15206) (Enc)

SUBJECT: MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.  
SM-C  
OO ATLANTA

DATE: 9/26/66

For the information of the Bureau and Atlanta, the University of Pittsburgh Student Activities Calendar for the Fall trimester of 1966 reveals that Dr. MARTIN LUTHER KING is scheduled for a lecture at 12:00 noon, November 2, 1966, in the Student Union Ballroom, University of Pittsburgh. He was invited to the University of Pittsburgh by the Student Union to speak in a series called "Public Affairs Series." No additional information available at this time concerning KING's proposed visit.

*b7(D)*  
*b7(C)*

[REDACTED] both of Pittsburgh, Pa., advised of above information by SA [REDACTED]. The above information is being confirmed by letter [REDACTED].

*100-99*

- 2 - Bureau (RM)
- 2 - Atlanta (100-5586) (RM)
- 1 - Pittsburgh

ECG/njm  
(5)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
DATE 1-17-81 BY SP4 JDM/ia

REC 32

EX - 106

100-106670-2714  
SEP 27 1966

26 31 3 23 64 22

INT. SEC. 1

RECEIVED  
FBI  
REC'D

52 OCT 3 1966

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan



FBI

Date: 9/20/66

Transmit the following in PLAINTEXT  
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL  
(Priority)

Mr. Tolson	
Mr. DeLoach	
Mr. Mohr	
Mr. Wick	
Mr. Casper	
Mr. Callahan	
Mr. Conrad	
Mr. Felt	
Mr. Gale	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Sullivan	
Mr. Tavel	
Mr. Trotter	
Tele. Room	
Miss Holmes	
Miss Gandy	

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI  
FROM : SAC, NEW YORK (9-new) (RUC)

SUBJECT: UNSUB; THREAT AGAINST  
SENATOR ROBERT F. KENNEDY AND  
MARTIN LUTHER KING  
9/20/66  
MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION CONCERNING

ReSTNY dated 9/17/66.

The information in report was furnished to  
Secret Service, NY, NY, and to [redacted]  
[redacted] 9/21/66. The [redacted] office of Senator KENNEDY  
also was advised. LHM's will be disseminated locally in  
NYC when they are received by [redacted] ST.

Further action is not being taken by NY.

- 3 - Bureau (RM)
- 2 - San Francisco (RM)
- 1 - Washington Field (RM)
- 1 - New York

EPH:snv  
(3)

100-106670

NOT RECORDED

150 OCT 7 1966

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 1-17-81 BY SP4JAM/ML  
6076

ORIGINAL FILED IN 77-51317-1816

Approved: W. F. M. Sent                      M Per                     

70 OCT 18 1966

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

FBI WASH DC\*

SEP 27 1966

TELETYPE

FBI SAN FRAN

222PM URGENT 9-27-66 BLM  
TO DIRECTOR, NEW YORK, WASHINGTON FIELD  
FROM SAN FRANCISCO (62-NEW) 2P

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 1-17-81 BY SP4 [signature] 6076

UNKNOWN SUBJECT - THREAT AGAINST SENATOR ROBERT F. KENNEDY AND MARTIN LUTHER KING, SEPTEMBER TWENTY-SIX LAST, MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION CONCERNING.

[REDACTED] Army Intelligence  
[REDACTED] SAC, ONE HUNDRED FIFTEENTH INTG, THREE NINE TWO ONE  
EAST BAY SHORE BOULEVARD, PALO ALTO, CALIFORNIA, ADVISED THIS DATE.

THAT [REDACTED] HALF MOON BAY,

REPORTED THE FOLLOWING TO HIS OFFICE: [REDACTED] WAS DRIVING SOUTH ON CALIFORNIA HIGHWAY ONE AND PICKED UP A MAN WALKING SOUTH ALONG THE HIGHWAY WHO WAS WEARING A BLUE JACKET WITH A LARGE WHITE CROSS ON HIS BACK. HE CARRIED A PLASTIC ZIPPER-TYPE FOLDER AND STATED HE WAS A MEMBER OF THE QUOTE WHITE ARMY, UNQUOTE. HE STATED FURTHER THAT HIS NAME WAS [REDACTED] THAT HE WAS WELL KNOWN IN NEW YORK AND WASHINGTON D.C. FOR DEMONSTRATIONS AND THAT HE HAD BEEN BEATEN UP BY THREE BLACK MUSLIMS IN WASHINGTON, D.C., WHILE AN ARMY INTELLIGENCE OFFICER AND A MEMBER OF THE NATIONAL BROADCASTING COMPANY. [REDACTED] STATED THAT HE WAS OUT TO GET EVEN WITH SOME PEOPLE AND THAT HE PLANNED TO KILL SENATOR ROBERT F. KENNEDY AND MARTIN LUTHER KING.

END OF PAGE ONE

100-106670-116

55 OCT 19 1966

MR. DELOACH FOR THE DIRECTOR

TELETYPE to Atlanta  
Disch. 4-27-66

ORIGINAL FILED IN 77-51287

PAGE TWO

HE OPENED THE PLASTIC FOLDER AND GAVE MOUNT A PICTURE OF A BUILD-  
ING WHICH APPEARED TO HAVE A CARBINE RIFLE LEANING AGAINST AN UNKNOWN  
OBJECT IN THE FOREGROUND. HE COMMENTED, QUOTE THIS IS SOMETHING TO  
REMEMBER ME BY, UNQUOTE.

67/c  
THE MAN GOT OUT OF [REDACTED] CAR AT THE INTERSECTION OF MIRAMONTES  
ROAD AND HIGHWAY ONE, AND [REDACTED] NOTIFIED THE HALF MOON BAY POLICE  
DEPARTMENT AND THE ONE HUNDRED FIFTEENTH <sup>Army Intelligence</sup> INTC.

[REDACTED] DESCRIBED THE INDIVIDUAL AS A WHITE MALE, APPROXIMATELY  
FORTY YEARS OF AGE, MEDIUM BUILD, LIGHT BROWN HAIR, AND FULL BEARD.

[REDACTED] WILL BE INTERVIEWED; PHOTOGRAPH WILL BE OBTAINED FROM <sup>Army Intelligence</sup> INTC;  
<sup>Letterhead Memorandum</sup> AND LHM WILL FOLLOW. <sup>San Francisco</sup> [REDACTED] OFFICE, U.S. SECRET SERVICE  
AND SAN MATEO COUNTY SHERIFF'S OFFICE NOTIFIED.

END

GJG

FBI WASH DC\*

[REDACTED]  
Sen RF Kennedy's  
Office, notified by [REDACTED]  
6:28 9/29/66  
TSS

WASH TEL AL

FBI NEW YORK

9-55 AM

URGENT 9-10-68 JOM

TO DIRECTOR -1- , ATLANTA AND MEMPHIS

ATLANTA AND MEMPHIS VIA WASHINGTON - ENCODED

FROM NEW YORK

**SECRET**

DECLASSIFIED BY SP4 JRM/ML  
ON 1-17-81 6076

*CIRM COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS*  
*IS - C INTERNAL SECURITY - COMMUNIST*

BUREAU FILE 100-442529. ATLANTA FILE 100-8070. NEW YORK FILE 100-153735.

b(2)  
b(7)(D) [REDACTED] ADVISED EVENING OF  
THIS DATE THE REV. MARTIN LUTHER KING, STAYING AT HOLMES INN, MEMPHIS  
TENN. WAS IN TELEPHONE CONVERSATION WITH STANLEY LEVINSON, NYC.  
DURING CONVERSATION KING MENTIONED THAT STANLEY CARMICHAEL OF SNOC  
WILL PROBABLY QUOTE TO KING QUOTE WITH REGARDS RECENT ATLANTA RACIAL  
RIOT. HE ADDED THAT IF ASKED BY REPORTERS AT PRESS CONFERENCE THIS  
EVENING IN MEMPHIS RE CARMICHAEL, HE WOULD ONLY STATE THAT IN LINE  
WITH AMERICAN TRADITION OF JURISPRUDENCE A MAN IS INNOCENT UNTIL PROVEN  
GUILTY. KING ADDED HE WOULD SAY IN EFFECT THAT THE MATTER IS  
PRESENTLY IN THE COURTS AND HE PAREN (KING) PAREN DOES NOT HAVE ANYTHING  
TO DO WITH IT. KING FELT HE COULD GIVE GENERAL STATEMENT RE CARMICHAEL  
FOR PRESENT BUT EVENTUALLY CARMICHAEL WOULD BE CALLING ON KING FOR  
SUPPORT. LEVINSON AND KING AGREED THAT IF CARMICHAEL IS CONVICTED

END PAGE ONE

77SEP271968

NOT RECORDED  
183 SEP 21 1968

Classified by Y800 Lel/MLP  
Exempt from GDS, Category 2  
Date of Declassification Indefinite 11/14/77

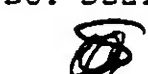
(OVER)

**SECRET**

ORIGINAL FILED IN 100-442529-1965

~~SECRET~~

PAGE TWO

OF EXCITEMENT (TO RIOT CHARGE QUOTE) THEY UNQUOTE WILL HAVE TO BLAME  
THOSE FORCES WHICH COMPELLED HIM TO RIOT. SOURCE ADVISED KING AND  
LEWISON DID NOT ELABORATE RE TERM QUOTE FORCES UNQUOTE BUT BELIEVED  
POSSIBLY REFERRED TO THE <sup>E</sup>HYPER STUGLE IN CIVIL RIGHTS. 

END

CORR BOTH P2 ON L1 MD 3 SHD BE TO

MSE FOR RELAY

FBI WASH DC

CC MR. STILWELL

~~SECRET~~

FBI

Date: 9/26/66

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL \_\_\_\_\_  
(Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI  
 FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (157-1261)  
 SUBJECT: DEMONSTRATIONS, CHICAGO  
 FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) -  
 SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP  
 CONFERENCE (SCLC),  
 CHICAGO, ILLINOIS  
 RM

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
 HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
 DATE 1-17-81 BY SP4JAM/ML  
 6076

Re Chicago teletype dated 9/23/66 to Bureau.

Enclosed for the Bureau are 13 copies, for  
 Atlanta two, of an LHM concerning the captioned matter.  
 A copy of this LHM is being provided the USA, Chicago.

Chicago is following and the Bureau and Atlanta  
 will be appropriately advised of developments.

Agency G-2, ONI, OSI, CRD

Date Forw. SEP 29 1966

How Forw. TT - 5

By all - red  
 1 RACIAL UNIT

- ⑤ - Bureau (Enc. 13) (RM)  
 (2 - 100-106670) (MARTIN LUTHER KING, Jr.)  
 (1 - 100-438794) (Cominfil - SCLC)  
 2 - Atlanta (Enc. 2) (RM)  
 (1 - 100-5586) (MARTIN LUTHER KING, Jr.)  
 (1 - 100-5718) (Cominfil - SCLC)  
 cc - Wick  
 4 - Chicago  
 (1 - 157-413)  
 (1 - 105-16238)  
 (1 - 100-35356)

NOT RECORDED  
 202 SEP 29 1966

18 SEP 28 1966

JCS:sp  
 (11)

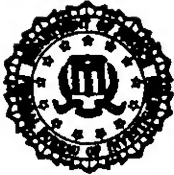
SUBV. CONTROL

ORIGINAL FILED IN

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_

Sent \_\_\_\_\_ M Per \_\_\_\_\_

590613 1966  
 Special Agent in Charge



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

Chicago, Illinois  
September 22, 1966

157-1261

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
DATE 1-17-81 BY SP4JRM/ld

6076

DEMONSTRATIONS, CHICAGO  
FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) -  
SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP  
CONFERENCE (SCLC),  
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS  
RACIAL MATTER

Reference is made to Chicago memorandum dated  
September 21, 1966.

[REDACTED] advised the Chicago Office of  
the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) in the evening  
of September 23, 1966, that during the afternoon of this  
date, 12 pickets from the East Garfield Park Union to End  
Slums had picketed at the offices of Balin Realty, 21 North  
Pulaski Avenue, Chicago, protesting alleged slum and vermin  
infested conditions in buildings operated and managed by  
Balin on Chicago's West Side. The pickets had been led by  
Reverend William Briggs, Pastor of the Warren Avenue Con-  
gregational Church, 3101 West Warren Avenue, headquarters  
in Chicago of the SCLC. b7(D)

The East Garfield Park Union to End Slums is  
operated semi-independently as an arm of the CFM but was  
originally set up and organized under the sponsorship of  
the SCLC in early 1966 as part of its general anti-slum  
campaign here. [REDACTED] advised that the demonstration lasted  
from approximately 3:30 to 4:15 PM. Representatives of the  
pickets had entered the offices of Balin during the demon-  
stration, and at 4:15 PM Mr. Balin requested police department  
officers on the scene to remove these individuals. When  
requested to leave the premises by the officers, the demon-  
strators complied and left with no disorder or disturbances.  
There were no arrests during the course of the demonstration. b7(D)

This document contains neither recommendations  
nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property  
of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it  
and its contents are not to be distributed  
outside your agency.

ENCLOSURE

100-186670-

DEMONSTRATIONS, CHICAGO  
FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM)-  
SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP  
CONFERENCE (SCLC),  
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

[REDACTED] b7(D)  
[REDACTED] advised during the evening of September 23, 1966, that during the afternoon of this date, Martin Luther King, Jr., together with six others named in the August 19, 1966, injunction limiting civil rights marches in Chicago, had filed a petition with Circuit Court Judge Cornelius Harrington. The petition had requested that a forthcoming request to dissolve this injunction should be heard by a judge other than Harrington, Harrington being charged with prejudice in this petition. The eighth party originally named in the injunction is presently incarcerated in the House of Correction, Chicago, for violation of the provisions of the injunction and did not sign the petition. Harrington agreed that the hearing on the forthcoming request to dissolve the injunction, expected to be formally filed during the coming week, would be assigned to another Circuit Court judge.

Pertinent portions of the above information were subsequently provided the following:  
Mr. N.M. Karzen, Office of the United States Attorney, Chicago

[REDACTED] Secret Service, Chicago

[REDACTED] Region 1, 113th INTC Group, Evanston, Ill. b7(C)



FBI

Date: 9/20/66

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL  
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, JACKSON (157-6712) (P)

ALLEGED PLAN TO KILL MARTIN  
LUTHER KING, GRENADA, MISSISSIPPI  
RM

Re Jackson tel to Bureau, 9/17/66.

Enclosed for the Bureau are 11 copies  
of LHM re captioned matter. Two copies furnished  
Atlanta.

One copy of LHM furnished USA, Oxford  
and Secret Service, Jackson. Two copies of LHM  
furnished INTC, Jackson.

b7(c) INTC, Secret Service, Jackson, Mississippi,  
[REDACTED] MHSP, and [REDACTED] Grenada  
Police Department, Grenada, Mississippi, advised 9/17/66.  
Atlanta was requested in retel to notify KING.

LEAD

JACKSON

AT GRENADA, MISSISSIPPI

Recontact Reverend BARFIELD

3 - Bureau (Enc. 11) ENCLOSURE  
2 - Atlanta  
2 - Jackson (157-6712)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 1-17-81 BY SP4 JRM/ld

6076

14 SEP 23 1966

HLF/pac  
(6)

AGENCY: ACSI, ONI, OSI, SEC. SER.,

IND. CRD. RAO

DATE FORW: 9/27/66

LOW FORW:

BY:

Sent

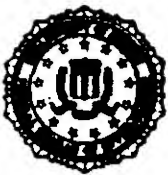
M

Per

59 SEP 30 1966

Agent in Charge

100-106670-2713  
ICL AT LHM 924910



In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
Jackson, Mississippi  
September 20, 1966

ALLEGED PLAN TO KILL  
MARTIN LUTHER KING,  
GRENADA, MISSISSIPPI  
RACIAL MATTERS

[REDACTED] 67(c)  
Grenada, Mississippi,  
furnished the following information to Special Agents  
of the FBI on September 17, 1966:

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
DATE 1-17-81 BY SP-4 JRM/ld  
6070

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 9/20/66

Grenada, Mississippi

[redacted] furnished the following information voluntarily after being advised of the identities of the interviewing Agents:

He was advised by [redacted] whom he declined to identify, on September 17, 1966, that [redacted] had been approached by two unknown white men on that same date with a request [redacted] in advance of a murder.

[redacted] advised that [redacted] related to him that the two men confided in him that they were actively involved in a plot to kill Reverend MARTIN LUTHER KING, and they desired [redacted] in advance [redacted]

[redacted] did not discuss the matter any further with the two men and informed them that he would not have anything to do with them or their proposition. [redacted] then contacted [redacted] and related the above information to him in what [redacted] considered a strictly confidential [redacted] relationship. [redacted] stated that in view of the nature of their relationship, he felt that it would be a direct violation of [redacted] to disclose the name of [redacted] but in the event of an incident, he would disclose the identity of [redacted]

[redacted] stated that he was not aware of the identity of the two men who approached [redacted] however, he felt that they were most likely local residents of Grenada.

9/17/66

at Grenada, Mississippi

File # 157-6712

SA [redacted]

2

Date dictated 9/17/66

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

JM 157-6712

2

He also stated that he would recontact [REDACTED] [REDACTED] to try to influence him to make direct contact with the FBI to furnish the information to that agency.

b7(c)

**ALLEGED PLAN TO KILL  
MARTIN LUTHER KING,  
GRENADA, MISSISSIPPI**

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

September 27, 1966

*Boyer*  
*W. B. Brown*  
*D. Wells*

FBI

SEP 21 1 54 PM '66  
REC'D-READING ROOM  
FBI

100-106670-271

**REC 37**

ST-111

b7(c)

Dear

With respect to your inquiries, information contained in the files of the FBI must be maintained as confidential in accordance with regulations of the Department of Justice. I trust you will understand the reason for this policy.

MAILED 11  
SEP 21 1966  
COMM-FBI

HRH:emm  
(3)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
DATE 1-17-81 BY SP4 J. Anglen

6076

Olson \_\_\_\_\_  
 McLearn \_\_\_\_\_  
 Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
 Nick \_\_\_\_\_  
 Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
 Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
 Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
 Felt \_\_\_\_\_  
 Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
 Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
 Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
 Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
 Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
 Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
 Holmes \_\_\_\_\_

59

59

1963

TELETYPE UNIT ☐

September 15, 1966

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover  
Dir. Federal Bureau of Investigation  
Washington, D.C.

Dear Sir,

Inclosed is a post card I recieved from a friend. I have read a great deal about Martin L. King and his associations with various known members of communist front organizations. Can you or the bureau give me any information as to the validity of this card and how the information was obtained.

I would appreciate it if you would look into this matter and inform me of your findings at your earliest convience. Thank you.

Sincerely yours,

b 7(c)

[REDACTED]  
Columbus, Ohio

REC 32

100-106670-2712

SEP 28 1966

100-106670-2712  
ENCLOSURE

CORRESPONDENCE

Martin Luther King at Communist Training School



ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
DATE 1-17-81 BY SP4 JRM/vh

6070

100-106670-

ENCLOSURE



XXXXXX  
XXXXXX  
XXXXXXFEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

1 Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.

- ☒ Deleted under exemption(s) b(1) with no segregable material available for release to you.
- ☐ Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to you or the subject of your request.
- ☐ Information pertained only to a third party. Your name is listed in the title only.
- ☐ Document(s) originating with the following government agency(ies) \_\_\_\_\_, was/were forwarded to them for direct response to you.

\_\_\_\_\_ Page(s) referred for consultation to the following government agency(ies); \_\_\_\_\_ as the information originated with them. You will be advised of availability upon return of the material to the FBI.

\_\_\_\_\_ Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

☐ For your information: \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

☒ The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:

100 - 106670 - 2711

XXXXXX  
XXXXXX  
XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX  
X DELETED PAGE(S) X  
X NO DUPLICATION FEE X  
X FOR THIS PAGE X  
XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

FBI

DATE 1-17-81 BY SP4 JAM/lu Date: 9/23/66

Transmit the following in 6016 (Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL

(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-106670)  
FROM: SAC, BOSTON (100-35794) (RUC)  
MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.  
SM - C  
OO: ATLANTA

Re Pittsburgh airtels to Bureau dated 9/7/66  
and 9/9/66.

Enclosed for Bureau are eight copies of a LHM  
captioned ██████████ concerning efforts to determine  
the identity and location of one ██████████ who reportedly  
stated he was going to shoot MARTIN LUTHER KING. b7C

Two copies of the LHM are being sent to Atlanta,  
Office of Origin; two to Indianapolis and one to Pittsburgh  
and New York for information.

LEAD:

INDIANAPOLIS

At Indianapolis, Indiana.

Will determine to whom phone number WA-5-8965,  
Indianapolis, is listed; check indices on subscriber and  
advise Atlanta.

ENCLOSURE

3-Bureau (100-106670) (Enc. 8)  
2-Atlanta (100-5586) (Encs. 2) ST-107  
1-Pittsburgh (100-15206) (Enc. 1) (Info)  
2-Indianapolis (Encs. 2)  
1-New York (Enc. 1) (Info)  
1-Boston (100-35794)

JPN:mm  
(10)

AGENCY: ASST. DIR. AD. SEC. SER.

REC 53

100-106670-2710

20 SEP 24 1966

Crim Div.

INT. SEC.

9/27/66

DMW/lu

ICC AT 11444 LHM 924910

C.C. Wick

53

Approved: [Signature]

Special Agent in Charge

Sent

M

Per



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

September 23, 1966

Boston, Massachusetts

[REDACTED]

On September 12, 1966, the records of the [REDACTED] were searched and it was determined that registration number [REDACTED] is issued to the [REDACTED] Rental, [REDACTED] Boston, Massachusetts, for a 1966 Chevrolet Impala Sedan, color tan.

On September 12, 1966, [REDACTED] Rentals, [REDACTED] verified that Massachusetts registration [REDACTED] was issued to one of their rental cars which had been recently driven back from the west coast by a "car jockey", [REDACTED], who returned the car at the [REDACTED] agency at Logan International Airport, East Boston, Massachusetts on September 9, 1966.

[REDACTED] stated that [REDACTED] is one of a number of independent car drivers who float around the country and chauffeurs rental cars back to the original location from which they were hired. [REDACTED] is not an employee of [REDACTED] Rentals but has been used by the company on frequent occasions as a "car jockery".

[REDACTED] has no record of an address for [REDACTED] and has no idea how he could be contacted if needed or what area of the country he comes from. From the small degree of contact he has had with Stout he judges him to be "a loud mouth and a big talker but not a man of action."

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
DATE 1-12-81 BY SP4UML/ML  
6076

b7(c)

ENCLOSURE

[REDACTED]

On September 13, 1966, [REDACTED] Rentals, Logan International Airport, stated he has had fairly frequent contact with [REDACTED] but has no idea of how to locate him. He searched his records for a contract whereby [REDACTED] had been hired to take a car out of Boston for [REDACTED] Rentals but was unable to find a record.

On September 21, 1966, [REDACTED] advised that he had determined that [REDACTED] Rentals, John F. Kennedy Airport, New York City, New York, was fairly well acquainted with [REDACTED] from [REDACTED] frequent contact with that office. [REDACTED] does not know where [REDACTED] lives but can contact him through a phone number in Indianapolis, Indiana, [REDACTED] p 1(c)

[REDACTED] stated that from his contact with [REDACTED] he has found him to be a big talker who likes to hear himself talk. He transports cars at a much lower rate than other jockeys and has on several occasions presented [REDACTED] with small gifts.

On September 21, 1966, [REDACTED] Massachusetts State Police, advised that although his office at Logan International Airport had no record of it; he recalled being told that [REDACTED] had been questioned on his arrival at the airport with the [REDACTED] Rentals car in question concerning personal belongings he reportedly stole from some riders he abandoned in Kansas City, Missouri. [REDACTED] had claimed he left the property in the custody of another person in Kansas City and since his story checked out nothing came of the matter. [REDACTED] was not arrested and no record was made.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
DATE 1-17-89 BY SP

CLASSIFIED  
EXTENDED  
REASON FOR

FCIM, II, 1-2.4.2

Date:

9/22/66

Transmit the following

DECLASSIFICATION

(Type in plaintext or code)

Via

AIRTEL

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
DATE 1-17-81 BY SP4 JAM/w

6076

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, CHARLOTTE (157-3583) (C)

SUBJECT: PROPOSED VISIT OF MARTIN LUTHER KING  
TO CHARLOTTE, N. C.  
9/20-21/66  
RM (KLAN)

Re Charlotte airtel to Bureau, 9/15/66, enclosing LHM, and Charlotte teletypes to Bureau 9/20/66 and 9/21/66.

Enclosed for the Bureau are 11 copies and Atlanta 2 copies of LHM in captioned matter. Also enclosed for Bureau are 3 copies and Atlanta 1 copy each of two newspaper articles appearing in 9/22/66 Charlotte Observer Dispatch quoted in part in LHM.

Copies of LHM being furnished to Secret Service, military intelligence and USA, WDNC, Asheville.

Copies of LHM being furnished Atlanta Division for their information.

ENCLOSURE

- 3 - Bureau (Encs. 17) (RM)  
2 - Atlanta (Encs. 4) (RM)  
2 - Charlotte (1 - 157-177 Sub B)

THG:amh

(7)

AGENCY: ASST. DIR., OSI/SEC. SER.

DATE: 9/26/66

HOW FORW:

BY: Wm W/ci

C. C. Wick

CC AT + LHM 924 90

20 SEP 24 1966

INTV SEC.

62 SEP 30 1966

Special Agent in Charge

Sent

M

Per

F B I

Date:

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plaintext or code)Via \_\_\_\_\_  
(Priority)

CE 157-3583

Information in LHM attributed to [REDACTED]  
was obtained by SA [REDACTED]

b7(c)

Information in LHM attributed to [REDACTED]  
Special Agent, N. C. SBI, was obtained by SA [REDACTED]

Inasmuch as MARTIN LUTHER KING has departed the  
Charlotte area apparently without incident, this matter will  
be considered closed.

- 2 -

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_ Sent \_\_\_\_\_ M Per \_\_\_\_\_  
Special Agent in Charge



In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
Charlotte, North Carolina  
September 22, 1966

PROPOSED VISIT OF MARTIN LUTHER KING  
TO CHARLOTTE, NORTH CAROLINA,  
SEPTEMBER 20-21, 1966  
RACIAL MATTERS (KLAN)

Reference is made to memorandum at Charlotte,  
North Carolina, dated September 15, 1966, captioned as above.

On September 20, 1966, [REDACTED]  
[REDACTED] advised [REDACTED]  
[REDACTED] arrangements for KING's appearance [REDACTED] and had been advised  
KING would arrive by chartered plane approximately 6 to  
6:30 P.M., September 21, 1966. b7(D)  
b7(C)

[REDACTED] KING would be N.C.  
accompanied by Mr. ROSEA WILLIAMS and two other individuals, F.B.I.  
not identified but believed to be bodyguards of KING's.

[REDACTED] stated KING would be met at the N.C.  
Charlotte Airport by Dr. REGINALD A. HAWKINS and would be  
transported to the gymnasium of Johnson C. Smith University  
in Dr. HAWKINS' Cadillac which would be driven by police  
officer COSTEN. It was believed only KING, HAWKINS, Officer  
COSTEN and a Dr. GAY WILMORE of New York City would be in  
the vehicle on the trip to and from the airport. N.C.

This document contains neither recommendations  
nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property  
of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and  
its contents are not to be distributed outside  
your agency.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
DATE 1-17-81 BY SP4JAM/

6070

ENCLOSURE

00-106670-2709

**PROPOSED VISIT OF MARTIN LUTHER KING  
TO CHARLOTTE, NORTH CAROLINA,  
SEPTEMBER 20-21, 1966**

"The Observer Dispatch," a daily Charlotte, North Carolina, newspaper, in its issue of September 20, 1966, under the caption "King Won't March Here" furnished the following:

"Martin Luther King Jr. will not lead any demonstrations when he comes to Charlotte Wednesday for a talk at Johnson C. Smith University, according to his Atlanta, Ga., office.

"A spokesman for King at the Southern Christian Leadership Conference headquarters said that he will arrive in Charlotte just in time for his speech and depart shortly after he delivers it.

"King is scheduled to speak on 'The United Presbyterian Mission in the Southeast' at 8 p.m. in the university gymnasium. The public is invited.

"His talk will highlight a three-day meeting, beginning today at Queen Charlotte hotel, of the United Presbyterian Commission on Religion and Race."

On September 21, 1966, [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] advised that MARTIN LUTHER KING arrived at the Charlotte, North Carolina, Airport at 7:45 P.M. by chartered plane. KING was accompanied by six persons including one Negro female who appeared to be his wife. KING was transported to Johnson C. Smith University by an officer of the Charlotte Police Department and upon completion of his speech, was



**PROPOSED VISIT OF MARTIN LUTHER KING  
TO CHARLOTTE, NORTH CAROLINA,  
SEPTEMBER 20-21, 1966**

immediately returned to the airport with his plane departing the Charlotte Airport at 10:50 P.M., September 21, 1966. During KING's entire time in Charlotte, there was no evidence of any demonstrations by members of the United Klans of America, Inc., Knights of the Ku Klux Klan (UKA), or other racially inspired groups.

"The Observer Dispatch," a daily Charlotte, North Carolina, newspaper, in its edition of September 22, 1966, listed, among other information, the following items which are quoted:

"About 60 regular policemen-plus reserve policemen-were assigned to various phases of King's visit.

"Police Chief John Ingersoll was there, in plain clothes, and two assistant chiefs. A 60-man riot squad was ready to be assembled in less than 30 minutes, if needed.

"More Negro policemen were assigned to help guard King than would otherwise have been used-14 in all, four of them trained in riot control.

"During the introductions to Dr. King's speech, the police department received a crank telephone call threatening King's assassination in the auditorium. A similar telephone threat had been received earlier in the day. Maj. Harkey reassigned a few men, strengthening the guard inside the auditorium. About ten policemen, not counting plain-clothesmen, watching the audience.

**PROPOSED VISIT OF MARTIN LUTHER KING  
TO CHARLOTTE, NORTH CAROLINA,  
SEPTEMBER 20-21, 1966**

"After his speech, King immediately left JCS for the airport, walking out the back door between two lines of policemen holding hands. The two motorcycles, the patrol car and the three unmarked cars escorted the Cadillac fast and circuitously across town, wailing and blinking at every intersection, down Tuckaseegee, through Westerly Hills, along Old Steele Creek Road and out West Boulevard to the Airport."

"The Observer Dispatch" referred to above, in the same issue, gave the following information:

"King's address to an audience of almost 5,000 people inside and outside Johnson C. Smith University gymnasium came at the invitation of the United Presbyterian Church's Commission on Religion and Race meeting here this week. U.S.A.

A characterization of the UKA is attached as an appendix to this memorandum.

UNITED KLANS OF AMERICA, INC.  
KNIGHTS OF THE KU KLUX KLAN (UNITED KLANS)

Records of Superior Court of Fulton County, Georgia, show that this klan organization was granted a corporate charter on February 21, 1961, at Atlanta, Georgia, under the name United Klans, Knights of the Ku Klux Klan of America, Inc.

A source advised on February 27, 1961, that United Klans was formed as a result of a split in U. S. Klans, Knights of the Ku Klux Klan, Inc. According to the source, the split resulted from a leadership dispute, and the United Klans has the same aims and objectives as the parent group. These are the promotion of Americanism, white supremacy, and segregation of the races.

The first source and second source advised in July, 1961, that United Klans, Knights of the Ku Klux Klan of America, Inc., merged with Alabama Knights, Knights of the Ku Klux Klan. The merged organization established headquarters in Suite 401, the Alston Building, Tuscaloosa, Alabama. The organization is directed by ROBERT SHELTON, Imperial Wizard, and is the dominant Klan group in the South with units in several southern states.

On August 14, 1961, the second source advised that the organization formerly known as United Klans, Knights of the Ku Klux Klan of America, Inc., would be known in the future as United Klans of America, Inc., Knights of the Ku Klux Klan. The second source said the name was changed by a resolution adopted at the National Klonvocation held July 8, 1961, at Indian Springs, Georgia.

The second source advised that at a meeting at Prattville, Alabama, on October 22, 1961, a majority of the klaverns of the U. S. Klans, Knights of the Ku Klux Klan, merged with the United Klans of America, Inc., Knights of the Ku Klux Klan.

UNITED KLANS OF AMERICA, INC.  
KNIGHTS OF THE KU KLUX KLAN (NORTH CAROLINA)  
(UKA)

On August 17, 1964, a source advised that the North Carolina organization of United Klans of America, Inc., Knights of the Ku Klux Klan, became affiliated with the national organization of the same group in the spring of 1961. The State Headquarters was at the residence of North Carolina Grand Dragon JAMES ROBERTSON JONES, Granite Quarry, North Carolina, who is subordinate to the national organization with headquarters in Tuscaloosa, Alabama.

The organization in North Carolina has the same aims and objectives as the parent group; that is, advocacy of segregation of the races and white supremacy.

On August 17, 1966, the same source advised that the status, leadership, and affiliation of the North Carolina organization have not changed. The State Headquarters is still located at Granite Quarry, North Carolina, but is no longer maintained at the residence of Grand Dragon JAMES ROBERTSON JONES.



In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
Charlotte, North Carolina  
September 22, 1966

Title	PROPOSED VISIT OF MARTIN LUTHER KING TO CHARLOTTE, NORTH CAROLINA, SEPTEMBER 20-21, 1966
Character	RACIAL MATTERS (KLAN)
Reference	Memorandum dated September 22, 1966, at Charlotte, North Carolina captioned as above.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

# King's Visit Keeps Police Force Busy

By J.A.C. DUNN  
Observer Staff Writer

Martin Luther King got into town and out again, and that was all the police cared about.

The famous need protection in public, but King needs it more than many VIPs. Charlotte police started preparing for King's visit two weeks ago, conferring with Johnson C. Smith officials, Queen Charlotte hotel officials, airport officials, and among themselves, making plans and alternate plans.

Until 1 p.m. Wednesday, the

police did not know when King would arrive. Even then, Major Sam Harkey, commanding King's police shepherds, knew only that King would fly into Charlotte at about 6 p.m. This information was carefully guarded.

At 3 p.m. three men were stationed at the Queen Charlotte Hotel, where King was expected to hold a press conference at 7.

Shortly before 6, nine uniformed policemen, two of them on motorcycles, a patrol car and six plainclothesmen in three unmarked cars gathered at the east concourse of the airport.

They waited for an hour and a half, because King's chartered plane was delayed by mechanical troubles on the ground in Atlanta.

But nobody knew that at the time. In fact, nobody even knew what kind of plane King's party was flying in, its number, or what time he was expected to leave Atlanta. Some of the guard detail weren't even sure where he was coming from.

At 6:45 about 35 policemen, some in plainclothes, started to take stations in and around the

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

1C CHARLOTTE OBSERVER  
Charlotte, N. C.

Date: 9-22-66

Edition:

Author:

Editor:

Title:

Character:

or

Classification:

Submitting Office: CE

☐ Being Investigated

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HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
DATE 1-17-81 BY SP4U/mlk  
6076

gymnasium at Johnson C. Smith.

While the police escort waited at the airport, two young men walked up to the east concourse, one of them carrying a small suitcase, announced themselves as Davidson College students, and asked if they could take pictures of King when he landed. They were sent away.

Later another young man arrived with colored portrait photographs of King, which he wanted autographed. He too was sent away.

Shortly after 7, the airport control tower contacted all incoming planes, but could not find King's plane. This indicated that King was still at least 30 miles from Charlotte, beyond radio range. But a blue and white twin-engine Cessna arrived unexpectedly only a few minutes later, and King was whisked away in a Cadillac driven by an enormous policeman named Costner, escorted by the motorcycles and the cars.

West Boulevard ... Wilkinson Boulevard ... Morehead Street ... Summit ... Trade ... to the JCS campus, every gate of which was guarded, some by two or three policemen. Police reserves were used, and one rather tipsy man wandering down Beatties Ford Road remarked in awe that this must be the biggest crowd Biddleville had ever seen.

About 60 regular policemen—plus reserve policemen—were assigned to various phases of King's visit.

Police Chief John Ingersoll was there, in plain clothes, and two assistant chiefs. A 60-man riot squad was ready to be assembled in less than 30 minutes, if needed.

More Negro policemen were assigned to help guard King than would otherwise have been used—14 in all, four of them trained in riot control.

During the introductions to Dr. King's speech, the police department received a crank telephone call threatening King's assassination in the auditorium. A similar telephone threat had been received earlier in the day. Maj. Harkey reassigned a few men, strengthening the guard inside the auditorium. About ten policemen, not counting plainclothesmen, watching the audience.

After his speech, King immediately left JCS for the airport, walking out the back door between two lines of policemen holding hands. The two motorcycles, the patrol car and the three unmarked cars escorted the Cadillac fast and circuitously across town, wailing and blinking at every intersection, down Tuckaseegee, through Westerly Hills, along Old Steele Creek Road and out West Boulevard to the Airport.

The plane was not ready. King walked through the airport accompanied by five policemen and two plainclothesmen, and made a telephone call from a telephone booth. His suit was rumpled, and he seemed tired.

The plane was ready. King and three companions climbed in and the engines revved. It taxied away, followed by the assistant airport manager in a radio car. The police stood waiting a few minutes until it took off.

The plane droned away into the night toward Atlanta, and the policemen left in a little caravan of their own, talking about getting some supper.

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

# SPEAKS AT SMITH King Calls

## For Use Of 'Striped Power'

### Says Whites, Negroes Side By Side Is Goal

By EARL LAWRENCE

Observer Staff Writer

"Striped power — black and white side by side."

To that end Martin Luther King Jr. pledged himself Wednesday night, "even if I should be the last Negro on earth who refuses to condone violence."

King's address to an audience of almost 5,000 people inside and outside Johnson C. Smith University gymnasium came at the invitation of the United Presbyterian Church's Commission on Religion and Race meeting here this week.

King singled out racial integration and poverty as "the two greatest problems facing America today."

He referred often to "that other America" in which "our 22 million Negroes live in the triple ghetto of race, poverty and human misery."

"More than 40 per cent of our people live in inadequate houses with wall-to-wall rats and roaches," he said.

And with a slightly trembling voice he despaired for Negro children:

"Any society that will destroy and rob little children of their selfhood, keeping them in overcrowded and inadequate schools, stamping them with the badge of inferiority, is revolting against the Kingdom of God itself."

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

1C CHARLOTTE OBSERVER  
Charlotte, N. C.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
DATE 1-17-81 BY SP4 JAM/SH

6076

Date: 9-22-66

Edition:

Author:

Editor:

Title:

Character:

or

Classification:

Submitting Office: CE

☐ Being Investigated

ENCLOSURE

100-106670-2761



"The problems of racial integration and poverty are moral issues," King said. "And, as the chief moral guardian of the community, the church must take the lead."

Referring to theologian Paul Tillich's definition that "sin is separation," he called segregation "an existential affirmation of man's tragic estrangement from man."

"The ultimate logic of racism is genocide," King said. "If a man says I am not good enough to eat at a lunch counter with him, or live beside him, he is saying in substance that I deserve to be dead and non-existent."

Referring to the New Testament parable of Dives and Lazarus, King commented, "Dives went to hell not because he was rich but because he sought to be a conscientious objector in the war on poverty."

"There is nothing new about poverty."

King said poverty was the spawning ground of many of the frustrations leading to racial unrest. He was greeted with the audience's loudest and most prolonged applause when he charged "too many forces in our nation are more concerned about winning the war in Vietnam than right here."

Calling for more money for the antipoverty war, he chided the U.S. space program and "the billions to put a man on the moon" as creating a society where "we end up with guided missiles and misguided men."

"But I still believe nonviolence is the most portentous weapon available to the Negro in the struggle for human dignity," the head of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC) said.

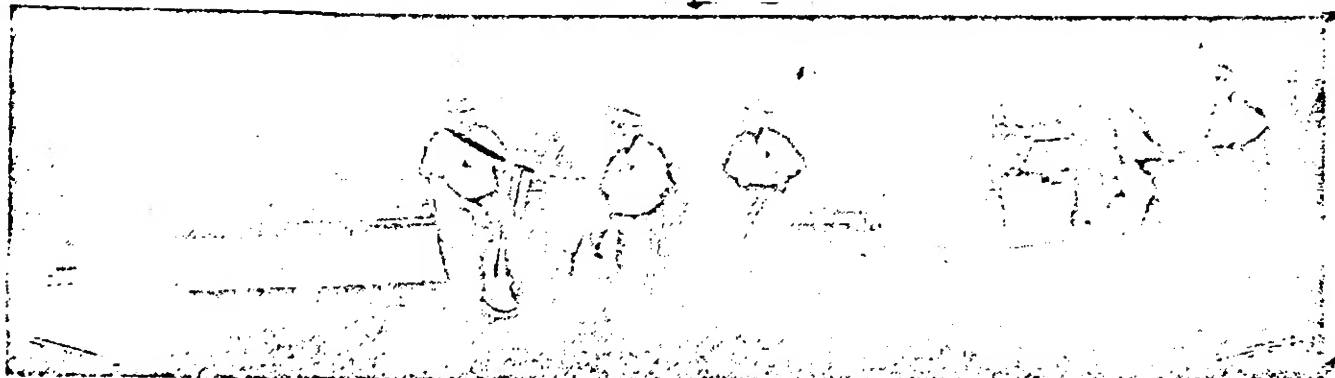
"But I am not a consensus leader — I don't decide what is right or wrong by taking a Gallup poll of what people think. I am not a searcher for consensus but a model of consensus."

Nonviolence, King said, "ultimately exposes our opponent, weakens his morale and works on his conscience."

"The Negro needs the white man to save him from his fear, and the white man needs the Negro to save him from his guilt," he added.

"Black and white together, we shall overcome."

See KING, Pg. 4C, C. 1



Policemen Escort King Onto JCSU Campus From A Wooded Rear Area

F B I

Date: 9/22/66

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL \_\_\_\_\_  
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-106670)  
 FROM: SAC, PHILADELPHIA (100-46230)  
 SUBJECT: MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.  
SM - C

Re my airtel dated 9/19/66.

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are the original and seven copies of a letterhead memorandum concerning KING. Copies are being furnished Atlanta, Newark, New York, and Chicago for information.

Inasmuch as it has been reported KING will arrive on Flight 215 which originates in Newark, possibility exists KING will travel to New York and then proceed to Philadelphia.

- 3 - Bureau (100-106670) (Enc. 8) (RM)  
 2 - Atlanta (100-5586) (Enc. 2) (RM)  
 1 - New York (Enc. 1)  
 1 - Newark (Enc. 1)  
 1 - Chicago (Enc. 1)  
 1 - Philadelphia (100-46230)

CJW:PSM  
 (9)

REC-4

100-106670-2708

AGENCY: PHILADELPHIA (100-46230)

DATE: 9/27/66  
 BY: RLS  
 SMW/ci

4 SEP 24 1966

D. D. Wick

UNCLASSIFIED

INT. SEC. 1

Approved: [Signature]  
 OCT 4 1966 Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_ M Per \_\_\_\_\_



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

In Reply, Please Refer  
File No.

September 22, 1966

MARTIN LUTHER KING

Reference is made to a previous communication captioned as  
dated September 19, 1966.

[REDACTED] advised King is  
scheduled to arrive in Philadelphia via National Air Lines at 3:53  
p.m. on September 26, 1966. He will appear at the "Freedom Show"  
that night and stay overnight at the Bellevue-Stratford Hotel.  
[REDACTED] also plans to appear at this affair which is expected  
to draw approximately 11,500 people.

Inquiry at the reservations office of National Air Lines  
shows Flight 215 is due to arrive in Philadelphia at 3:53 p.m. on  
September 26, 1966. This particular flight originates at Newark, N.J.,  
at 6:20 p.m. b7(D)

[REDACTED], advised that hotel had no reservations for  
King but had learned King plans to spend the night elsewhere, possibly  
at a private home.

This document contains neither recommendations nor  
conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned  
your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside  
your agency.

100-106670-

ENCLOSURE

UNCLASSIFIED  
5/80 RCB/ECM 11-14-79

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
 DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
 Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
 Wick \_\_\_\_\_  
 Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
 Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
 Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
 Felt \_\_\_\_\_  
 Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
 Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
 Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
 Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
 Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
 Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
 Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
 Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

# DECODED COPY

☐ AIRGRAM ☐ CABLEGRAM ☒ RADIO ☐ TELETYPE

R 56

URGENT 9-23-66 1:51 PM

TO DIRECTOR ATLANTA AND CHICAGO  
 FROM SPRINGFIELD 231710

MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR., SM-CL

RESIAIRTEL TO BUREAU AUGUST 25, LAST.

ILLINOIS STATE REGISTER, "A SPRINGFIELD EVENING  
 NEWSPAPER CARRIED ARTICLE SEPTEMBER 22, LAST, INDICATING KING  
 NOT APPEARING SPRINGFIELD, SEPTEMBER 24, NEXT, FOR SPEECH  
 BEFORE ILLINOIS AP EDITORS ASSOCIATION ANNUAL MEETING AS  
 SCHEDULED. INSTEAD REV. ANDREW J. YOUNG, TOP AIDE IN SCLC,  
 REPORTED TO APPEAR IN KING'S PLACE. SPRINGFIELD POLICE AND  
 SHERIFF'S OFFICE HAVE NEVER RECEIVED ANY COMMUNICATIONS OR  
 REQUESTS AND ARE SHOWING ABSOLUTELY NO INTEREST IN THIS MATTER.  
 LHM FOLLOWS.

RECEIVED: 2:23 PM LJT

REC 30

EX-106

100-106670-2707  
 SEP 26 1966

UNCLASSIFIED

5180 RCB/ECM 11-14-79

55 SEP 20 1966

CC MR. SULLIVAN

If the intelligence contained in the above message is to be disseminated outside the Bureau, it is suggested that it be suitably paraphrased in order to protect the Bureau's cryptographic systems.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Wick \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
Felt \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

DECODED COPY

☐ AIRGRAM    ☐ CABLEGRAM    ☐ RADIO    ☒ TELETYPE

12:43 PM URGENT 9-23-66 MRB  
TO DIRECTOR (100-106670) AND DALLAS  
FROM ATLANTA 231610

MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR., SM-C.

RE DALLAS TELETYPE TO ATLANTA SEPTEMBER 21 LAST CAPTIONED  
"STOKELY CARMICHAEL, RM, ORGANIZATION" AND ATLANTA TELETYPE  
TO DALLAS SEPTEMBER 22 LAST, CAPTIONED "STOKELY CARMICHAEL,  
IS-MISCELLANEOUS."

CLASSIFIED AND EXTENDED BY SP4  
REASON FOR EXTENSION  
FCIM, II, 1-2.4.2  
DATE OF REVIEW FOR  
DECLASSIFICATION 9

CONFIDENTIAL

100-106670-2706

REC 70 5 SEP 27 1966

62 SEP 30 1966

*If the intelligence contained in the above message is to be disseminated outside the Bureau, it is suggested that it be suitably paraphrased in order to protect the Bureau's cryptographic systems.*

XXXXXX  
XXXXXX  
XXXXXXFEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

1 Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.

- ☒ Deleted under exemption(s) b(1) with no segregable material available for release to you.
- ☐ Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to you or the subject of your request.
- ☐ Information pertained only to a third party. Your name is listed in the title only.
- ☐ Document(s) originating with the following government agency(ies) \_\_\_\_\_, was/were forwarded to them for direct response to you.

\_\_\_\_\_ Page(s) referred for consultation to the following government agency(ies); \_\_\_\_\_ as the information originated with them. You will be advised of availability upon return of the material to the FBI.

\_\_\_\_\_ Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

☐ For your information: \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

- ☒ The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:

100-106670-2706 pg. 2

XXXXXX  
XXXXXX  
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 X DELETED PAGE(S) X  
 X NO DUPLICATION FEE X  
 X FOR THIS PAGE X  
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FBI

Date: 9/22/66

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_

Via \_\_\_\_\_

AIRTEL

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
DATE 1-17-81 BY SP4JMM  
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-106670)  
FROM: SAC, CHARLOTTE (100-10075) (C)

SCHEDULED APPEARANCE OF  
DR. MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.,  
AT JOHNSON C. SMITH UNIVERSITY,  
CHARLOTTE, N. C., 9/21/66  
SM - C

Re Charlotte airtel to Bureau, 9/13/66.

Enclosed for the Bureau and Atlanta are 9 and 1  
copy respectively of LHM in captioned matter.

LHM disseminated locally to military intelligence  
and Secret Service.

██████████ in enclosed LHM ██████████

Enclosed LHM is classified confidential as it  
contains information from a confidential informant of  
continuing value, and unauthorized disclosure of this  
information could possibly compromise this informant to the  
detriment of the national defense interest.

No further action being taken by Charlotte.

ENCLOSURE

REC-139

- ③ - Bureau (Enc. 9) (RM)  
1 - Atlanta (100-5586) (Enc. 1) (RM)  
1 - Charlotte

GHC:mmk  
(5)

AGENCY: ██████████ SER.;

██████████

I

L

BY

C C Wick

7/26/66

RIS

DMW/ci

CCHTYLHM 9219+0

INT. SEC.

Approved

59 SEP 30 1966

Special Agent in Charge

Sent

M

Per



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Charlotte, North Carolina

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

September 22, 1966

CONFIDENTIAL

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES  
AND FIELD OFFICES  
ADVISED BY ROUTING  
SLIP(S) OF Reclassification  
DATE 11/17/77 SP4

SCHEDULED APPEARANCE OF  
DR. MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.,  
AT JOHNSON C. SMITH UNIVERSITY,  
CHARLOTTE, NORTH CAROLINA,  
SEPTEMBER 21, 1966

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 1-17-81 BY SP4  
6076 Jamite

Reference is made to previous communication in  
this matter dated September 13, 1966, at Charlotte, North  
Carolina.

AD-1000 that LARRY  
LIGHTNER, Minister of Muhammad's Mosque 36, Charlotte, North  
Carolina, stated on Saturday, September 17, 1966, that his  
group in Charlotte would take no action at all regarding  
the visit of MARTIN LUTHER KING to Charlotte on September 21,  
1966. LIGHTNER indicated that his group would not attend  
the speech of KING at Johnson C. Smith University and would  
just ignore him.

AD-1000 advised on September 22, 1966, that KING  
spoke in the gymnasium at Johnson C. Smith University at  
8 p.m., September 21, 1966, as scheduled. There were  
approximately 5,000 persons in attendance and KING talked  
on racial integration and social conditions of the Negro.  
He advocated a non-violent approach to racial integration  
and stated the Government should spend more to fight the  
poverty of the Negro. He left Charlotte by airplane  
immediately after his speech.

According to AD-1000, there were no demonstrations  
or incidents in connection with KING's appearance.

Characterizations of Muhammad's Mosque 36 and the  
Nation of Islam are attached as an appendix to this memorandum.

DECLASSIFIED BY 6086 SP4/MP  
ON 11/16/77

CONFIDENTIAL

THIS DOCUMENT CONTAINS NEITHER RECOMMENDATIONS NOR CONCLUSIONS  
OF THE FBI. IT IS THE PROPERTY OF THE FBI AND IS LOANED TO  
YOUR AGENCY; IT AND ITS CONTENTS ARE NOT TO BE DISTRIBUTED  
OUTSIDE YOUR AGENCY.

ENCLOSURE



MUHAMMAD'S MOSQUE NUMBER 36  
CHARLOTTE, NORTH CAROLINA

On May 8, 1962, a source advised that during the summer of 1960 a group of Muslims organized a Temple of Islam in Charlotte, North Carolina.

On May 21, 1964, a second source advised that the Charlotte Temple of Islam was then referred to as Muhammad's Mosque Number 36.

This second source stated on May 6, 1966, that all meetings and activities of this Mosque are directly related to and follow the teachings of ELIJAH MUHAMMAD of Chicago, Illinois, the world leader of the Nation of Islam.

NATION OF ISLAM

In January, 1957, a source advised that Elijah Muhammad has described his organization on a nationwide basis as the "Nation of Islam" and "Muhammad's Temples of Islam."

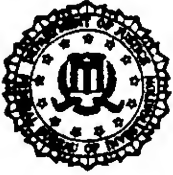
On April 29, 1966, a second source advised that Elijah Muhammad is the national leader of the Nation of Islam (NOI); Muhammad's Temple of Islam No. 2, 5335 South Greenwood Avenue, Chicago, Illinois, is the national headquarters of the NOI; and in mid-1960 Muhammad and other NOI officials, when referring to Muhammad's organization on a nationwide basis, commenced using either "Mosque" or "Temple" when mentioning one of "Muhammad's Temples of Islam."

The NOI is an all-Negro organization which was originally organized in 1930 in Detroit, Michigan. Muhammad claims to have been selected by Allah, The Supreme Being, to lead the so-called Negro race out of slavery in the wilderness of North America by establishing an independent black nation in the United States. Members following Muhammad's teachings and his interpretation of the "Koran" believe there is no such thing as a Negro; that the so-called Negroes are slaves of the white race, referred to as "white devils," in the United States; and that the white race, because of its exploitation of the so-called Negroes, must and will be destroyed in the approaching "War of Armageddon."

In the past, officials and members of the NOI, including Muhammad, have refused to register under the provisions of the Selective Service Acts and have declared that members owe no allegiance to the United States.

On May 5, 1958, the first source advised that Muhammad had, upon advice of legal counsel, tempered his personal statements and instructions to his ministers concerning the principles of his organization in order to avoid possible prosecution by the United States Government; however, he did not indicate any fundamental changes in the teachings of his organization.

On May 2, 1966, a third source advised that Muhammad had, early in July, 1958, decided to de-emphasize the religious aspects of the teachings of Islam and to stress the economic benefits to be derived by those Negroes who joined the NOI. This policy change, according to Muhammad, would help him acquire additional followers and create more interest in his programs.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Charlotte, North Carolina

September 22, 1966

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

Title	SCHEDULED APPEARANCE OF DR. MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR., AT JOHNSON C. SMITH UNIVERSITY, CHARLOTTE, NORTH CAROLINA, SEPTEMBER 21, 1966
Character	
Reference	Memorandum at Charlotte, North Carolina, dated September 22, 1966, captioned as above.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities  
are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable  
information in the past.

SAC, Cincinnati

9/23/66

Director, FBI (100-106670)

1 - Kelly  
1 - D. Wells

MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.  
SECURITY MATTER - C

ReBulet to all offices 4/19/65 and Cincinnati airtel to Bureau 9/16/66 entitled "Civilian Resistance Command (CI-R-COM)," one copy of which is enclosed with letterhead memorandum for Atlanta.

Cincinnati should review and comply with instructions set forth in referenced Bureau letter pertaining to threats made against Martin Luther King, Jr., and promptly advise the Bureau under above caption when done.

Atlanta should advise local police of information in enclosed Cincinnati airtel concerning King, and advise Bureau when done.

2 - Atlanta (100-5586) - Enclosures (2)

NOTE:

Cincinnati instructed to comply with Bureau instructions concerning threats made against King. Copy of Cincinnati airtel and letterhead memorandum containing pertinent information forwarded to Atlanta so that Atlanta can comply by advising Atlanta Police.

DMW:deh *deh*  
(7)

100-106670-2704  
19 SEP 26 1966

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Wick \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
Felt \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

MAILED 12  
SEP 23 1966  
COMM-FBI

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
DATE 1-2-81 BY SP4 JAM/ld  
6076

70 SEP 28 1966

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

F B I

Date: 9/15/66

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL  
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-106670)  
 FROM: SAC, DALLAS (100-11108)(P)  
 SUBJECT: MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.  
 SM - C

OO-ATLANTA

Re Dallas airtel to Bureau, 8/5/66.

Transmitted herewith to the Bureau are eight copies of LHM. Copies are being furnished Atlanta; the USA, Fort Worth; Secret Service and INTC, Dallas; OSI, Tinker AFB, Oklahoma; and ONI, New Orleans.

Information was furnished to SAC J. GORDON SHANKLIN and Field Supervisor ROBERT P. GEMBERLING.

LEAD:DALLASAT DALLAS, TEXAS

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
 HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
 DATE 1-17-81 BY SP4JRM/ML

6076

Will maintain contact with sources and informants for any indication of any demonstration activity which might result in violence.

ENCLOSURE

- ③ - Bureau (Enc. 8)(RM)  
 2 - Atlanta (Enc. 2)(RM)  
 2 - Dallas  
 WJW/jp  
 (7)

REC-43

100-106670-2703

15 SEP 16 1966

AGENCY: AGENT ON SEC. SER.;

DATE: 9/23/66

HOW FORN:

BY: DMW/ci

ICC AT + LHM 902970

61 SEP 29 1966

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_  
Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_ M Per \_\_\_\_\_



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

Dallas, Texas  
September 15, 1966

MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.

"The Dallas Morning News" for September 12, 1966, contained a news item stating Dr. Martin Luther King would be one of ten "outsiders" who would have prominent speaking roles at the International assembly of the Christian Churches (Disciples of Christ) in Dallas, September 23-28, 1966. It was stated Dr. King is one of four Baptists, two Roman Catholics, one Orthodox, and three Methodists on the program. King's speech will be on "The Churches and the Struggle for Human Freedom, Dignity, and Brotherhood", September 25, 1966.

[REDACTED] b7(D)  
[REDACTED] advised the Dallas Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation that Dr. King plans to arrive at Love Field in Dallas on Delta Flight 827 at 5:05 p.m., Sunday, September 25, 1966. He will hold a press conference at Love Field immediately after his arrival, and will then be taken directly to the Dallas Memorial Auditorium to speak, until approximately 11:00 p.m. He will spend that night at the Statler-Hilton Hotel, and will leave Dallas from Love Field, via Delta Flight 820, at 7:00 a.m., September 26, 1966.

[REDACTED] said the above itinerary had been furnished b7(c)  
[REDACTED] Police [REDACTED] Dallas. b7(D)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
DATE 1-19-81 BY SP4 JAM/lu

6076

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency. It and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

1\*

100-14661-21

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

Date: 9/15/66

Transmit the following in DATE 1-12-81 BY SPY/AMID  
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL6076

(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI  
FROM: SAC, CHARLOTTE (157-NEW) (P)

PROPOSED VISIT OF MARTIN LUTHER KING  
TO CHARLOTTE, N. C.,  
9/20-21/66  
RM (KIAN)

Enclosed for the Bureau are 11 copies of  
LHM in captioned matter.

Copy of LHM being furnished SS, Military  
Intelligence, and USA, WDNC, Asheville, N. C.

Copies of LHM being furnished Atlanta Division  
so they may be aware of KING's proposed visit and  
furnish to Charlotte any information obtained through  
Atlanta sources concerning KING's visit to Charlotte, N. C.,  
proposed itinerary, and any individuals known to be  
accompanying KING to Charlotte.

Information in the LHM attributed to [redacted]  
and [redacted] furnished to SA [redacted]  
who also contacted Military Intelligence  
Secret Service, [redacted] and [redacted]

b7(D)  
b7(C)

3 - Bureau (Encls. - 11) (RM)  
2 - Atlanta (Encls. - 2) (RM)  
2 - Charlotte (157-NEW)  
GCK:cst  
(7)

REC-62

25 SEP 17 1966

ENCLOSURE

AGENCY: ACGL ONI, OSI, SEC. SER.

: IND, CRD, RAO

DATE FORW: 9/22/66

HOW FORW: R/S

BY: DMW/ci

EX-103

Approved:

Special Agent in Charge

Sent

M

Per

56 SEP 24 1966 44902910  
G.C. WES

WES  
Baker  
Shaw  
Hargrett

100-106670-2702

F B I

Date:

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plaintext or code)Via \_\_\_\_\_  
(Priority)

CE 157-

both of whom furnished to SA [REDACTED] information in LHM. b(2) b7(b) b7(c)

LEADS:ATLANTA:AT ATLANTA, GA.

Will advise Charlotte of any information obtained through Atlanta sources pertaining to KING's visit, and any information concerning individuals or groups in opposition to KING, who may plan activities in Charlotte during KING's appearance.

CHARLOTTE:AT CHARLOTTE, N. C.

Will maintain close liaison with local authorities and keep Bureau advised of all developments.

2

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_ Sent \_\_\_\_\_ M Per \_\_\_\_\_  
Special Agent in Charge



PROPOSED VISIT OF MARTIN LUTHER KING  
TO CHARLOTTE, NORTH CAROLINA,  
SEPTEMBER 20-21, 1966

---

[REDACTED] who is familiar with Klan activities in the Charlotte area, stated that according to information received, there had been only a very little talk among Klansmen about the visit of KING, and no information had been received indicating that any plans were being formulated for Klan demonstrations during the proposed visit of MARTIN LUTHER KING. b7(D)

[REDACTED] advised that no information had been received [REDACTED] indicating that members of the Klan or other organizations were contemplating any demonstrations as a result of the proposed visit of MARTIN LUTHER KING to Charlotte, North Carolina, on September 20-21, 1966. b7(D)

[REDACTED] advised that according to information which he had received from [REDACTED] MARTIN LUTHER KING was scheduled to appear in Charlotte, North Carolina, for a speaking engagement on September 20, 1966. [REDACTED] stated that the plans, according to the information which he had received, called for MARTIN LUTHER KING to fulfill a speaking engagement in the auditorium of the Johnson C. Smith University, Charlotte, North Carolina. b7(D)

[REDACTED] further advised that he had received no indication concerning MARTIN LUTHER KING's itinerary, length of stay in Charlotte, North Carolina, or the nature of his remarks during his appearance in Charlotte.

PROPOSED VISIT OF MARTIN LUTHER KING  
TO CHARLOTTE, NORTH CAROLINA,  
SEPTEMBER 20-21, 1966

---

[REDACTED] stated that he would probably receive additional information at a later date concerning KING's visit. b7(D)

On September 15, 1966, the foregoing information was furnished to [REDACTED] United States Secret Service, and to [REDACTED] 111th Intelligence Corps Group, both Charlotte, North Carolina, and to [REDACTED] Mecklenburg County, North Carolina, Police Department, Charlotte, North Carolina, and to [REDACTED] North Carolina State Bureau of Investigation, Raleigh, North Carolina. b7(C)

**UNITED KLANS OF AMERICA, INC.  
KNIGHTS OF THE KU KLUX KLAN (UNITED KLANS)**

Records of Superior Court of Fulton County, Georgia, show that this klan organization was granted a corporate charter on February 21, 1961, at Atlanta, Georgia, under the name United Klans, Knights of the Ku Klux Klan of America, Inc.

A source advised on February 27, 1961, that United Klans was formed as a result of a split in U. S. Klans, Knights of the Ku Klux Klan, Inc. According to the source, the split resulted from a leadership dispute, and the United Klans has the same aims and objectives as the parent group. These are the promotion of Americanism, white supremacy and segregation of the races.

The first source and second source advised in July, 1961, that United Klans, Knights of the Ku Klux Klan of America, Inc., merged with Alabama Knights, Knights of the Ku Klux Klan. The merged organization established headquarters in Suite 401, the Alston Building, Tuscaloosa, Alabama. The organization is directed by ROBERT SHELTON, Imperial Wizard, and is the dominant Klan group in the South with units in several southern states.

On August 14, 1961, the second source advised that the organization formerly known as United Klans, Knights of the Ku Klux Klan of America, Inc., would be known in the future as United Klans of America, Inc., Knights of the Ku Klux Klan. The second source said the name was changed by a resolution adopted at the National Klonvocation held July 8, 1961, at Indian Springs, Georgia.

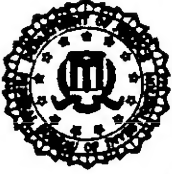
The second source advised that at a meeting at Prattville, Alabama, on October 22, 1961, a majority of the klaverns of the U. S. Klans, Knights of the Ku Klux Klan, merged with the United Klans of America, Inc., Knights of the Ku Klux Klan.

UNITED KLANS OF AMERICA, INC.  
KNIGHTS OF THE KU KLUX KLAN (NORTH CAROLINA)  
(UNITED KLANS)

On August 17, 1964, a source advised that the North Carolina organization of United Klans of America, Inc., Knights of the Ku Klux Klan, became affiliated with the national organization of the same group in the spring of 1961. The State Headquarters are at the residence of North Carolina Grand Dragon JAMES ROBERTSON JONES, Granite Quarry, North Carolina, who is subordinate to the national organization with headquarters in Tuscaloosa, Alabama.

The organization in North Carolina has the same aims and objectives as the parent group; that is, advocacy of segregation of the races and white supremacy.

On August 4, 1965, the same source advised that the status, leadership, and affiliation of the North Carolina organization have not changed.



In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
Charlotte, North Carolina  
September 15, 1966

Title	PROPOSED VISIT OF MARTIN LUTHER KING TO CHARLOTTE, NORTH CAROLINA, SEPTEMBER 20-21, 1966
Character	RACIAL MATTERS (KLAN)
Reference	Memorandum dated September 15, 1966, at Charlotte, North Carolina, captioned as above.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

## Domestic Intelligence Division

## INFORMATIVE NOTE

Date 9/18/66

Two unidentified white men who reside in Grenada, Mississippi, reportedly have threatened to assassinate Martin Luther King when he visits Grenada on September 19, 1966.

Atlanta Office telephonically instructed not to notify King as suggested in attached teletype, in view of established Bureau policy but that the Atlanta Police Department should be notified.

Information will be furnished to the Department of Justice.

RSG:jec

*W.S.*  
*NGX*

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
DATE 1-17-81 BY SP4 JAM/ur  
6076

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

SEP 17 1966

TELETYPE

FBI WASH DC

FBI JKN MISS

625 PM CST URGENT 9-17-66 KCH

TO DIRECTOR AND ATLANTA

FROM JACKSON (157-NEW)

UNSUB, ALLEGED PLAN TO KILL RE. MARTIN LUTHER KING,  
GRENADA, MISS. RM.

[REDACTED]  
[REDACTED] - FURNISHED FOLLOWING INFORMATION TO-  
DAY AND REQUESTED HIS IDENTITY BE CONCEALED AS SOURCE OF  
THIS INFORMATION.

b7(D)  
b7(C) [REDACTED]  
[REDACTED] CONTACTED [REDACTED] THIS DATE AND ADVISED HE WAS  
VISITED TODAY BY TWO WHITE MALES RESIDENTS OF GRENADA WHO  
INFORMED HIM THEY PLANNED TO ASSASSINATE REV. MARTIN LUTHER  
KING AT GRENADA SEPTEMBER NINETEEN NEXT. WHEN KING REPORTEDLY  
WILL VISIT GRENADA. [REDACTED] TOLD [REDACTED] THESE MEN WANTED  
[REDACTED] IF THEY WERE CHARGED WITH  
THE MURDER OF KING. [REDACTED] SAID HE TOLD MEN HE WOULD NOT  
END PAGE ONE

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
DATE 1-12-81 BY SP4 RML

6076 100-106670-2701

Miss Holmes  
Miss Gandy

James Turner  
Atty CRD  
9/19/66

PAGE TWO

[REDACTED] AND MEN LEFT HIS OFFICE. [REDACTED] SAID HE DOES NOT KNOW ANY DETAILS REGARDING TIME, LOCATION, OR METHOD TO BE EMPLOYED IN ASSASSINATION ATTEMPT AND TOLD [REDACTED] HE HAS NO OTHER DETAILS WHATSOEVER REGARDING THIS MATTER. [REDACTED] TOLD [REDACTED] ABOVE INFORMATION ONLY BECAUSE [REDACTED] AND TOLD [REDACTED] HE WOULD NOT CARE WHAT ACTION [REDACTED] TOOK REGARDING THIS PROVIDED [REDACTED] DOES NOT REVEAL [REDACTED] IDENTITY. [REDACTED] WILL NOT REVEAL IDENTITY OF [REDACTED] BUT WILL RECONTACT [REDACTED] AND ENCOURAGE HIM TO FURNISH COMPLETE DETAILS REGARDING ABOVE TO FBI.

b7(D)  
b7(G)

GRENADA PD, GRENADA CC. SO, MHSP, AND SECRET SERVICE ADVISED. CONTACT BEING MAINTAINED WITH [REDACTED]

ATLANTA NOTIFY REV. KING OF ABOVE.

LHM FOLLOWS. END.

SXC

FBI WASH DC

TU

ORIG: MR. DELOACH FOR DIRECTOR



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

SEP 22 1966

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson	
Mr. DeLoach	
Mr. Mohr	
Mr. Wick	
Mr. Casper	
Mr. Callahan	
Mr. Conrad	
Mr. Felt	
Mr. Gale	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Sullivan	
Mr. Tavel	
Mr. Trotter	
Tele. Room	
Miss Holmes	
Miss Gandy	

FBI WASH DC

FBI CHARLT

1137PM EST URGENT 9-21-66 HVA

TO DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM CHARLOTTE (157-3583)

PROPOSED VISIT OF MARTIN LUTHER KING TO CHARLOTTE, N. C.,  
NINE TWENTY TO TWENTYONE SIXTYSIX.

RE CHARLOTTE AIRTEL TO BUREAU ENCLOSING LHM NINE FIFTEEN SIXTYSIX.

KING ARRIVED SEVEN FORTY-FIVE PM AT CHARLOTTE, N. C.

BY CHARTERED PLANE ACCOMPANIED BY SIX PERSONS INCLUDING ONE  
COLORED FEMALE, APPARENTLY HIS WIFE, AND DEPARTED TEN FIFTY PM  
INSTANT ACCORDING TO [REDACTED] b7(D)

[REDACTED] WHO ALSO STATED THAT THERE WERE NO INCIDENTS.

LHM FOLLOWS.

END

HFL

FBI WASH DC

CLR

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED

HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 1-7-81 BY SP4 JPM/ld

REC 69

6076

100-106670-2700

SEP 23 1966

620CT 31966

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

7-15-80 9/21/66  
CLASSIFIED AND EXTENDED BY SP4 JEM/ML  
REASON FOR EXTENSION 2  
FCIM, II, 1-2.4.2  
DATE OF REVIEW FOR DECLASSIFICATION 9-21-86  
54688, 23518, 80514

AIRTEL

~~SECRET~~

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN  
OTHERWISE.

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-438794)  
FROM : SAC, NEW YORK (100-149194)  
SUBJECT: COMINFIL SCLC  
IS-C  
(OO: Atlanta)

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES  
AND FIELD OFFICES  
ADVISED BY ROUTING  
SLIP(S) OF Classification  
DATE 11/17/77

Enclosed are ten copies of a letterhead memorandum incorporating information from [REDACTED], a source close to STANLEY LEVISON. Two copies are enclosed for the Atlanta Office, since that office is origin in captioned case and the MARTIN LUTHER KING case; one copy is enclosed for information of the Chicago office. b(2) b(7)(D)

With reference to the contact between LEVISON and KING, the source was of the opinion that KING was in Memphis Tennessee, and LEVISON was in New York City. S

[REDACTED] b(1)

[REDACTED] c

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

- 4-Bureau (100-438794) (Encl. 10) (RM)
- 1-100-106670 (MARTIN LUTHER KING)
- 2-Atlanta (100-5718) (Encl. 2) (RM)
- 1-100-5586 (MARTIN LUTHER KING)
- 1-Chicago (100- ) (Encl. 1) (RM)
- 1-NY (100-111180) (STANLEY LEVISON) (42)
- 1-NY (100-136585) (MARTIN LUTHER KING) (42)
- 1-NY (100-149194) (41)

100-106670-

NOT RECORDED  
198 SEP 28 1966

(11) ENCLOSURE

Classified by 6980 fed/TPB  
Exempt from GDS, Category 2  
Date of Declassification Indefinite  
11/16/77



~~SECRET~~

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer Bu 100-438794  
File No.

New York, New York  
September 21, 1966

Re: Communist Infiltration of  
the Southern Christian Leadership  
Conference, (SCLC)  
Internal Security - C

On September 20, 1966, a confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised that Stanley Levison was in contact with Rachel (Rachel DuBois, representative of Project Dialogue, SCLC) on that date.

They discussed a foundation which is being set up or was recently formed by the SCLC and in that regard, Levison said he was going to Chicago on Monday, September 26, 1966, to handle legal papers concerning the foundation. He said he would be there from Monday through Wednesday.

Levison and Rachel also discussed two articles which were reported in "The New York Times" on September 19, 20, 1966, dealing with the civil rights movement.

Levison said the articles were a disgrace because they quoted certain people as saying the liberal support for the civil rights movement was decreasing due to their disenchantment with the recent riots. One of the people with whom Levison disagreed was one Rabbi Sigmond (Phonetic).

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

7-15-66  
CLASSIFIED AND EXTENDED BY SP4 RML  
REASON FOR EXTENSION 2  
FCIM, II, 1-2.4.2  
DATE OF REVIEW FOR DECLASSIFICATION 9-21-86

~~SECRET~~  
~~Group 1~~  
~~Excluded from automatic downgrading and declassification~~

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN  
OTHERWISE

54 644, 73518, 80514  
APPROPRIATE AGENCIES  
AND FIELD OFFICES  
ADVISED BY ROUTING  
SLIP(S) OF Classification  
DATE 11/17/77 ECO/288

Classified by 6080 Lep/TAP  
Exempt from GDS, Category 2  
Date of Declassification Indefinite  
11/16/77

ENCLOSURE

100-438794-667

Re: Communist Infiltration of the  
Southern Christian Leadership  
Conference, SCLC  
Internal Security - C

In doing so, Levison said the Rabbi had absolutely no knowledge concerning the civil rights movement. Levison said he felt "they" were witnessing a propaganda drive to drive away white liberals from the civil rights movement.

The same source also furnished information on September 21, 1966, which indicated a contact between Stanley Levison and Martin Luther King, President of the SCLC, on that date. Their conversation, according to the source, concerned financial matters relating to the SCLC. In that regard, they considered ways to increase their efforts in fund raising activities such as benefits and freedom rallies.

Levison maintained that CORE (The Congress of Racial Equality) had formerly attracted many performers to benefits, but were now unable to attract them, and recommended that the SCLC move into this area to pick up the "sure-fire money" that is available. King said the SCLC should seek the services of one person to concentrate in the fund-raising area, outside of mailings, and give him the authority to coordinate benefits, freedom rallies as well as to find a way to get to the Negro community to raise money. King said he still "feels the money is there and it's just that we have not mobilized to get it." Levison agreed and pointed out that he had been told by a fund-raiser for the Legal Defense Fund, which has a highly paid professional staff, that they have been able to build up over the years in Chicago, contributions from Negroes of \$70,000, including 17 pledges of \$1,000 per year.

Levison said in order to put some "flesh and blood" into the foundation, he was going to Chicago on Tuesday, September 27, 1966, to see Chauncey (Chauncey Eskridge, Chicago attorney). Levison said Chauncey has a fund-raiser named Feldstein (Phonetic) who wants to discuss doing the job for the

~~SECRET~~

Re: Communist Infiltration of the  
Southern Christian Leadership  
Conference, SCLC  
Internal Security - C

foundation. Levison told King nothing could be lost by discussing with Feldstein a professional arrangement whereby he could approach foundations with his remuneration to be based on a reasonable contingent basis. Levison told King that he thought they (SCLC) should get "that foundation" formalized (the Chicago one). S

King inquired if Levison had heard anything about yesterday's meeting concerning Congressman Adam Clayton Powell (a meeting of Negro leaders in New York City, who oppose Powell's removal as Chairman of the House Committee on Education and Labor). Levison said he read in last night's paper that Powell was going to compromise with those who want to strip him of his position. King said he had not yet issued a statement on the Powell matter. Levison advised him to sit it out if at all possible. S

Their conference ended on a note that King would not be in Chicago until Thursday of next week, thereby preventing him from seeing Levison. S

Stanley Levison

[REDACTED] S

b(1)

~~-3-  
SECRET~~

XXXXXX  
XXXXXX  
XXXXXXFEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET5

Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.

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☐ For your information: \_\_\_\_\_  
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NOT REC. 9/19/66 Internal memo with -> DeLoach

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FBI

Date: 9-19-66


Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL \_\_\_\_\_  
(Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI  
 FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (157-1261)  
 SUBJECT: DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO  
 FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) -  
 SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP  
 CONFERENCE (SCLC)  
 CHICAGO, ILLINOIS  
 RM

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES  
 ADVISED BY ROUTING  
 SLIP  
 9-1-81

Re Chicago airtel and letterhead memorandum dated 9/16/66, and Chicago teletypes dated 9/16 and 18/66.

Enclosed for the Bureau are 13 copies, for Atlanta 2, of a letterhead memorandum concerning captioned matter.

 Chicago is continuing to follow this matter and the Bureau will be appropriately advised of developments.

- 5 - Bureau (Encl. 13)  
 (1 - 100-106670) (MARTIN LUTHER KING, Jr.)  
 (1 - 100-438794) (COMINFIL - SCLC)  
 2 - Atlanta (Encl. 2)  
 (1 - 100-5718) (COMINFIL - SCLC)  
 (1 - 100-5586) (MARTIN LUTHER KING, Jr.)  
 4 - Chicago  
 (1 - 157-413)  
 (1 - 100-35356) (MARTIN LUTHER KING, Jr.)  
 (1 - 105-16238) (COMINFIL - SCLC)

JCS/jmk  
 (11)

ENCLOSURE

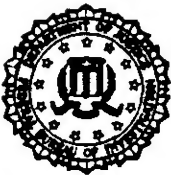
100-106670-  
 NOT RECORDED  
 180 SEP 28 1966

CARBON COPY.

Approved: FE Sent \_\_\_\_\_ M Per \_\_\_\_\_  
 Special Agent in Charge

59 OCT 4 1966

ORIGINAL FILED IN 157-6-1-3542



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Chicago, Illinois

September 16, 1966

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

157-1261

**DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO  
FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) -  
SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP  
CONFERENCE (SCLC)  
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS  
RACIAL MATTER**

Reference is made to Chicago memorandum dated  
September 16, 1966, under the above caption.

[REDACTED] advised the Chicago Office of the  
Federal Bureau of Investigation on September 16, 1966, that no  
representatives of the Chicago Freedom Movement (CFM) had  
picketed on this date at Saks Fifth Avenue, 669 North Michigan  
Avenue, although such picketing had been anticipated in an effort  
to assist the employees here in the organization of low income  
groups, representatives of these employees not being recognized  
by store officials. The CFM plans a picket demonstration before  
Saks Fifth Avenue to commence at 12 noon on September 17, 1966.  
Representatives of the CFM - SCLC will be in this store during  
the picketing trying on clothes without attempting to make  
any purchases. b7(D)

[REDACTED] continued that information available to him b7(D)  
indicated that Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr., President, SCLC,  
would appear at 7:30 p.m. on the evening of September 16, 1966,  
at Marillac House, 2822 West Jackson Boulevard, Chicago, to  
speak in general of the aims and purposes of the CFM before various

This document contains neither recommendations nor  
conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation.  
It is the property of the Federal Bureau of Investigation  
and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are  
not to be distributed outside your agency.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 1-12-91 BY SP4 JRM/ML

6076



leaders of this community. The Chicago Police Department anticipates no problems in connection with this appearance on the part of King.

[REDACTED] advised on September 17, 1966, that they had no information concerning the scheduled appearance the preceeding evening of Dr. King at Marillac House. [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] advised, however, that Dr. King was in Chicago at the present time and during the day of September 16, 1966, had appeared in court in Chicago where he had testified as a character witness for Al Ravy, Convenor Coordinating Council of Community Organizations, who was being tried on state charges of disorderly conduct and interfering with police officers during a civil rights rally held at Chicago in June, 1965. b7(D)

In connection with CFM activities on September 16, 1966, [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] advised that approximately 15 to 28 pickets conducted a demonstration before the residence of Gilbert Balin, 8527 West Cermak Road in North Riverside from approximately 6:35 p.m. to 7:30 p.m. on this date. The pickets were led by the Reverend William Briggs, associated with the CFM, and approximately five to ten neighborhood spectators observed this demonstration. [REDACTED] advised that this demonstration took place in an orderly manner with no incidents or arrests. This picketing was protesting the alleged ownership by Balin of so-called slum tenement dwellings on Chicago's west side. b7(D)

[REDACTED] advised at 1 p.m. that a demonstration began in front of Saks Fifth Avenue, 669 North Michigan Avenue, Chicago, at approximately 11 a.m. on this date. Some thirty to forty demonstrators were picketing outside the store here and were distributing leaflets critical of the store's management to deal with representatives of its employees in connection with labor-management relations. The leaflets additionally called for the support of all store employees in their fight to win union recognition and collective bargaining rights. The store customers were being asked by demonstrators not to patronize Saks Fifth Avenue. b7(D)

The above source advised at 4:30 p.m. that the group of demonstrators before Saks Fifth Avenue terminated their activities at 4 p.m. with no incidents or arrests throughout the affair. There was little or no spectator interest to this demonstration. No disturbances occurred and it concluded in an orderly fashion. Reverend Jesse Jackson, affiliated with the SCLC, was observed participating in this demonstration.

On September 17, 1966, [REDACTED]

[REDACTED], advised that he had learned that Reverend William Briggs would again lead a picketing demonstration before the residence of Gilbert Balin in North Riverside. The demonstration would take place between the hours of 12:30 p.m. - 4:30 p.m. The demonstration again protesting against Balin allegedly being a slum landlord. b7(D)

[REDACTED] subsequently advised on September 17, 1966, that the picket demonstration at Balin's had taken place between 2p.m. - 3 p.m. on September 17, 1966, with approximately twenty individuals participating in the picketing. [REDACTED] advised that there were no incidents during this picketing and no arrests occurred.

In connection with the activities of Dr. King in Chicago, the "Chicago Tribune", a daily Chicago newspaper, edition of September 16, 1966, reflected that King appeared at a rally at 6034 South Princeton Avenue, the Greater Mount Hope Baptist Church, the evening of September 15, 1966. This article reflected that King revealed plans at the rally to make Chicago's Loop stores the target of future civil rights demonstrations in an effort to find more and better jobs for Negroes. The rising unemployment rate among Negroes prompts the CFM to begin its economic phase in Chicago. Another goal of the CFM will be to organize Negro employees of large stores into unions as a way of improving wages. "No buying" campaigns may also be utilized to help accomplish these objectives. "I'm going to march straight up Michigan Avenue and straight up State Street and organize every store in the city," Dr. King stated.

The Reverend James Bevel, aide to King, announced plans for a similar campaign in the Englewood area on Chicago's south side but advised that meetings with store owners would be held before any such campaign began in Englewood.

The September 19, 1966, edition of the "Chicago's American," a daily Chicago newspaper, contained an article concerning an appearance made by Dr. King before a rally held at the Greater Mount Hope Baptist Church on the evening of September 18, 1966. King directed his comments on this occasion to the question of urban renewal in the Englewood section of Chicago, announcing that he will meet soon with the Urban Renewal Commissioner to urge a halt in condemnation proceedings for the central Englewood project. The city plans to condemn some 600 housing units here, mostly single family homes owned by Negroes, to provide space for parking lots and a mall for the 63rd and Halsted Streets shopping district. King stated that he would ask the Commissioner to stop condemnation action until a Federal court suit challenging the project is settled. If no agreement could be reached to halt condemnation, King stated "We have no choice but to start a 'no buy' campaign throughout the Englewood shopping area."

Pertinent portions of the above information were furnished to the following individuals:

[REDACTED]  
United States Secret Service  
Chicago, Illinois

[REDACTED]  
Region I  
113th INTC Group  
Evanston, Illinois

b7(c)

Gerald M. Werksman and Samuel Betar  
Assistant United States Attorneys  
Office of the United States Attorney  
Chicago, Illinois

One copy of this memorandum is being provided the office of the United States Attorney in Chicago.

FBI

Date: 9/19/66

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL  
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-106670)

FROM: SAC, PHILADELPHIA (100-46230)

SUBJECT: MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.  
SM - C  
(OO:Atlanta)

Re my airtel 7/20/66.

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are the original and seven copies of a letterhead memo concerning MARTIN LUTHER KING. Two copies are being furnished Atlanta and Chicago.

Both Atlanta and Chicago are requested to advise Philadelphia of any information received concerning KING's visit to Philadelphia.

- 3 - Bureau (100-106670) (Enc.-8) (RM)
- 2 - Atlanta (100-5586) (Enc.-2) (RM)
- 2 - Chicago (Enc.-2) (RM)
- 1 - Philadelphia (100-46230)
- CJW/gmm
- (8)

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_

Special Agent in Charge

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES  
AND FIELD OFFICES  
ADVISED BY ROUTING  
SLIP(S) BY Rte.  
DATE 9-19-79

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# FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

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- ☒ The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:

100 - 106670 - 2699 pg. 2 airtel

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
**CONFIDENTIAL**

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

September 19, 1966

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES  
AND FIELD OFFICES  
ADVISED BY ROUTING  
SLIP(S) BY Rte  
DATE 12-19-79

MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.

Reference is made to previous communication  
captioned as above dated July 20, 1966. u

On September 19, 1966, [REDACTED] u b7(D)

[REDACTED], advised that MARTIN LUTHER KING is  
scheduled to appear in Philadelphia on September 25, 1966,  
and remain to attend a "Freedom Show" to be held at  
Convention Hall, Philadelphia, Pa., on September 26, 1966.  
This affair is being organized by GEORGIE WOODS, a local  
disc jockey, and numerous entertainers have been engaged. u

[REDACTED] advised that KING is u b7(D)  
scheduled to appear in Philadelphia on October 9, 1966,  
at the Philadelphia Arena, 46th and Market Streets, at  
an affair organized by Reverend WILLIAM BENTLEY, President  
of the Interfaith Interracial Council of Philadelphia  
Churches. BENTLEY has deposited \$200 toward the rental  
of the hall. u

[REDACTED] advised he has learned KING u b7(D)  
requests \$1500 honorarium plus transportation and living  
expenses for each appearance. u

A review of the current telephone directory for  
Philadelphia reflects that Reverend WILLIAM L. BENTLEY  
resides at 303 Pelham Road, Philadelphia, and is pastor  
of the Emanuel Institutional Baptist Church, 1730 North  
22nd Street, Philadelphia, Pa. u

**CONFIDENTIAL**

Classified by 108 RJA/TAP  
Exempt from GDS, Category 2  
Date of Declassification Indefinite

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES  
AND FIELD OFFICES  
ADVISED BY ROUTING  
SLIP(S) OF classification  
DATE 11/17/77 330/214

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~  
~~automatic~~  
~~declassification~~

11/16/77

ENCLOSURE

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.

[REDACTED] c b(1)

[REDACTED] advised that ROSE GAULDEN came to Philadelphia in 1948 or 1949 and shortly after her arrival was made Organizer for the Fourth Congressional District Section, Communist Party of Eastern Pennsylvania and Delaware (CPEPD). [REDACTED] also advised that GAULDEN was a member of the Negro Commission and the District Committee of the CPEPD. u

[REDACTED] advised that Reverend J. HENRY PATTEN, Secretary of the Civil Committee of the Baptist Ministers Conference in Philadelphia, had been in contact with the Civil Rights Congress in Philadelphia. b(1) u

The Baptist Ministers Conference had become interested in those cases involving discrimination against Negroes and as Secretary PATTEN frequently represented the Conference in connection with these cases. Frequently, the Civil Rights Congress was interested in these cases, too, and requested the Baptist Ministers Conference to work with it. u

The Civil Rights Congress (CRC) has been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450. u

In late 1951, Reverend PATTEN cooperated closely with JOHN HOLTON, Secretary of the CRC in Philadelphia in connection with the case of Reverend STANLEY HATCH, a Baptist minister from Wildwood, N.J., who was arrested on a complaint from a female parishioner and charged with rape. The CRC agreed to support HATCH's case. u

While arrangements were being made to employ a different attorney, JOHN HOLTON, Reverend HATCH, and Reverend WILLIAM L. BENTLEY, Pastor of the Emmanuel Baptist Church, traveled to New York City to confer u

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.

with WILLIAM L. PATTERSON, National Director of the CRC. The purpose of this visit was to receive PATTERSON's approval for the CRC to assume financial responsibility for the HATCH case. As a result of this meeting, PATTERSON officially agreed that the CRC would wholeheartedly support the HATCH case. U

[REDACTED] advised as of May 18, 1950, U b(1)  
JOHN HOLTON was a member of the CPEPD.

[REDACTED] c b(1)

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

-3\*-  
~~CONFIDENTIAL~~





UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

September 19, 1966

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

Title                    MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.

Character

Reference                Memorandum dated and captioned  
                             as above at Philadelphia,  
                             Pennsylvania

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities  
are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable  
information in the past.

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

SEP 20 1966

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. DeLoach	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Bishop	_____
Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. Felt	_____
Mr. Gale	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Sullivan	_____
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Miss Holmes	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

FBI WASH DC

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
DATE 1-17-87 BY SP4 JAM/1  
6076

*Shelleyford*

*5-19-66*

FBI CHARLT

633 PM EST URGENT 9 20 66 EWC

TO DIRECTOR AND ATLANTA

FROM CHARLOTTE (157-3583)

PROPOSED VISIT OF MARTIN LUTHER KING TO CHARLOTTE, N.C.,  
NINE TWENTY- TWENTYONE SIXTYSIX. RM (KLAN).

RE CHARLOTTE AIRTEL TO DIRECTOR ENCLOSING LHM  
NINE FIFTEEN SIXTYSIX.

INFORMATION DEVELOPED KING TO ARRIVE CHARLOTTE BY  
CHARTERED PLANE APPROXIMATELY SIX P.M. NINE TWENTYONE  
NEXT AND SCHEDULED TO DEPART CHARLOTTE, ELEVEN P.M., SAME  
DATE AFTER DELIVERY OF SPEECH ON "THE UNITED PRESBYTERIAN  
MISSION IN THE SOUTHEAST" AT EIGHT P.M. IN THE JOHNSON C.  
SMITH UNIVERSITY GYMNASIUM, CHARLOTTE.

REC-16

EX-103

100-106670-2697

KING TO BE ACCOMPANIED BY HOSEA WILLIAMS AND TWO  
OTHER UNIDENTIFIED INDIVIDUALS.  
END PAGE ONE

SEP. 21 1966

59 SEP 26 1966

PAGE TWO

CHARLOTTE WILL KEEP BUREAU AND ATLANTA ADVISED  
OF PERTINENT DEVELOPMENTS AND WILL SUTEL WHEN KING  
DEPARTS CHARLOTTE.

END

GJG

FBI WASH DC

P

F B I

Date: 9/20/66

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL  
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: *JH* SAC, ATLANTA (157-2096)

RE: SCHEDULED APPEARANCE OF  
DR. MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.,  
AT JOHNSON C. SMITH UNIVERSITY,  
CHARLOTTE, NORTH CAROLINA,  
9/21/66  
SM - C  
(OO: Charlotte)

*Baldwin*  
*1/10/67*

Re Charlotte airtel and LHM 9/13/66 captioned as above  
and airtel and LHM dated 9/15/66 captioned "PROPOSED VISIT OF  
MARTIN LUTHER KING TO CHARLOTTE, N. C., 9/20-21/66, RM (KLAN)."

As of this date, Atlanta has no information bearing  
upon the visit of Reverend MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR., to  
Charlotte, N. C., referred to in referenced letterhead memoranda.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 1-17-81 BY SP4 Jm/m

6076

REC-16

EX-103

- ③ - Bureau (RM)  
1 - Charlotte (100-10075) (AMSD) (RM)  
2 - Atlanta  
(1- 157-2096)  
(1- 100-5586) (M. L. KING, JR.)

AGS:cb  
(6)

100 - 106670 2696

SEP 21 1966

61 SEP 26 1966

SUBV. CONTROL

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_ Sent \_\_\_\_\_ M Per \_\_\_\_\_  
Special Agent in Charge

Domestic Intelligence Division

INFORMATIVE NOTE

Date September 13, 1966

[REDACTED]

Information in attached will be disseminated to the Civil Rights Division.

js

1-17-81  
CLASSIFIED AND EXTENDED BY SP4 JRM/LL  
REASON FOR EXTENSION FCIM, II, 1-2.4.2  
DATE OF REVIEW FOR DECLASSIFICATION 9-13-86  
6070

CAP:bjr

578

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XXXXXXFEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET3

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☐ For your information: \_\_\_\_\_  
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100-106670-2695 pgs 1-3

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FBI

Date: 9/12/66

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL  
(Priority)

TO DIRECTOR, FBI (100-106670)

FROM *fwb* SAC, NEWARK (100-47520) (RUC)

SUBJECT *swa* MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.  
SM - C  
(OO: Atlanta)

*D. Daniels*  
*Shoemaker*  
*Tolson*  
*Felt*

Re Newark airtel and LEM dated 9/3/66 to Bureau  
(copies to Atlanta and Chicago) and Newark teletype to Bureau,  
9/11/66.

Enclosed herewith are copies of LEM dated as above  
as follows: eight for Bureau, two Atlanta, and one Chicago  
(for information in view of KING's activities in Chicago).

Copies of LEM are also being furnished to INTC,  
Newark; USA, Newark; and Secret Service, Newark.

*B*

- 3 - Bureau (Enc. 8) (RM)
- 2 - Atlanta (Enc. 2) (RM) (100-5336)
- 1 - Chicago (Enc. 1) (RM)
- 4 - Newark
  - (1 - 157-1611) (POTENTIAL RACIAL VIOLENCE, NEWARK)
  - (1 - 157-1332) (POTENTIAL RACIAL VIOLENCE, ESSEX COUNTY)
  - (1 - 100-43606) (TACT)

RWC:cam  
(10)

REC 30

*100-106670-2694*

AGENCY: ACSI, ONI, OSI, SEC. SER., EX-102 1 SEP 14 1966

DATE FORW: 9/15/66  
HOW FORW: R/S  
BY: P/S JRP

Approved: 36 SEP 29 1966

Special Agent in Charge 5/80REB/Edm 11-14-79

UNCLASSIFIED

Per

INT. SEC.





UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

Newark, New Jersey  
September 12, 1966

MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.

On September 11, 1966, [REDACTED] b7(D)  
[REDACTED] advised that Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr.,  
addressed a meeting held at the auditorium of the Montclair,  
New Jersey, High School, on September 11, 1966, to mark the  
retirement of Reverend C. D. Rice from the pastorate of Union  
Baptist Church, Montclair, New Jersey. The meeting lasted from  
approximately 3:30 p.m. until 5:30 p.m. From approximately  
1 p.m. until 6 p.m., members of the organization known as Truth  
about Civil Turmoil (TACT) held a silent vigil with posters and  
American flags in a park area at Chestnut and Park Streets,  
Montclair, approximately 200 feet from the auditorium where  
King made his address. Representatives of TACT also distribu-  
ted literature alleging communist influence in the civil rights  
movement and communist associations on the part of King.  
Approximately 150 persons participated in this demonstration  
by TACT. All activities were peaceful and orderly and no  
incidents occurred.

"The Star Ledger", September 12, 1966, page 1,  
published daily at Newark, New Jersey, stated that King had  
addressed an audience of 2,000 persons at Montclair High  
School on September 11, 1966, and had pledged to resist  
violence and to adhere to non-violence in his efforts in  
behalf of civil rights.

The above information was telephonically furnished  
to [REDACTED] 108th INTC Group, Newark, New Jersey, on  
September 11, 1966, by Special Agent [REDACTED] b7(C)

This document contains neither recommendations nor  
conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is  
loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be  
distributed outside your agency.

UNCLASSIFIED

5180RCB/EBM 11-14-79

1\*

100-106670-2691

September 21, 1966

REC- 43

EX-113

Ontario, California 91761

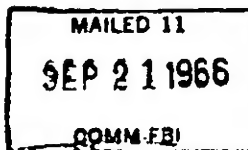
Dear

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
DATE 1-12-81 BY SP4Jm/ld

6076

Your letter of September 16th has been received, and I want to thank you for your generous comments regarding my administration of the FBI and also for your kind sentiments and prayers.

In response to your inquiry, information contained in the files of the FBI must be maintained as confidential in accordance with regulations of the Department of Justice. I am sure you will understand the reason for this policy.



Sincerely yours,  
J. Edgar Hoover

1 - Los Angeles - Enclosure

NOTE: Bufiles contain no record of correspondent. Gerald L. K. Smith is widely known for his anti-Negro and anti-Semitic views.

JRP:sep

(4) sep

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Wick \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
Felt \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

54 SEP 21 1966

TELETYPE UNIT ☐

SEP 21 9 29 AM  
REC'D-READING ROOM  
FBI

*[Handwritten signatures and initials]*

Ontario, Calif.,  
Sept. 16, 1966.

Mr. Tolson...  
Mr. DeLoach...  
Mr. Mohr...  
Mr. Casper...  
Mr. Callahan...  
Mr. Conrad...  
Mr. Felt...  
Mr. Gale...  
Mr. Rosen...  
Mr. Sullivan...  
Mr. Tavel...  
Mr. Trotter...  
Tele. Room...  
Miss Holmes...  
Miss Gandy...

Dear Mr. Hoover:

I want to tell you, I am deeply grateful we have an honest man as you at the helm of our most important organization of men.

I must say I am a sincere Christian grandmother, a member of First Baptist Church & I love people, so I am not planning any wrongs, riotings or any other thing.

But I cannot make my Baptist friends believe Martin Luther King is anything but a devoted Dr. of Divinity, serving the downtrodden colored people against the wicked whites.

I am liked by the peaceable colored women, they are against this lawlessness too.

I am asking you to please send me a little note confirming the truth of King's affiliations & workings with the Communist organizations.

I am also a worker in our Republican Womens Club & a registrar of voters. I also read Gerald L. K. Smith's complimentary writings of your devoted work.

May God bless you & all your helpers & protect you as I pray in all my prayers.

Sincerely & Lovingly

Ontario, California  
91761

b7(c)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
DATE 1-17-81 BY SP4 JBN/ML

ACK

9/21/66  
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20 13 11 07 AM '66

EX 113  
REC-43

SEP 19 1966

CORRESPONDENCE

EXP. PROC.

SEP 21 1966

**F B I**

Date: 8-24-66

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_ (Type in plaintext or code)

Via            **AIRTEL**

(Priority)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

OK

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

**FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (157-1261)**

**SUBJECT: DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO  
FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) -  
SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP  
CONFERENCE (SCLC), GAGE PARK  
AREA, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS  
RM**

**AMERICAN NAZI PARTY  
RM (ORGANIZATION)**

**NATIONAL STATES RIGHTS PARTY  
RM (ORGANIZATION)**

NATIONAL KNIGHTS OF THE KU KLUX KLAN  
INC., aka Association of Klans in  
America  
RM - KLAN 100-

**Remytels, 8/23/66 and 8/24/66.**

NOT RECORDED  
165 SEP 7 1966

JDR:mew  
(19)

111 SURE

SEP 20 1966

**Approved:**

Special Agent in Charge

Sent

Pe

ORIGINAL FILED IN

CG 157-1261

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Enclosed for the Bureau are 16 copies of an LHM regarding captioned matter. One copy of LHM being furnished to Atlanta for information and one copy each to Charlotte and Cleveland for information.

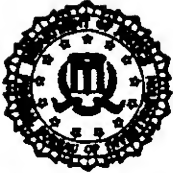
One copy is being furnished to the USA, Chicago, Illinois.

Chicago indices contain no information identifiable with [REDACTED] nor with the arrestees in the demonstration of 8/23/66. [REDACTED] is apparently identical with the individual bearing the same name who was the subject of Chicago file [REDACTED] b7(c)

[REDACTED] b(1)

Chicago is following this matter and will keep the Bureau apprised of developments.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

CG 157-1261

Chicago, Illinois  
August 24, 1966

DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO  
FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) -  
SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP  
CONFERENCE (SCLC), GAGE PARK  
AREA, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS  
RACIAL MATTER

AMERICAN NAZI PARTY  
RACIAL MATTERS (ORGANIZATION)

NATIONAL STATES RIGHTS PARTY  
RACIAL MATTERS (ORGANIZATION)

NATIONAL KNIGHTS OF THE KU  
KLUX KLAN INCORPORATED, Also  
Known As, Association of Klans  
in America  
RACIAL MATTERS - KLAN

6076  
SAJ/MAH  
DECLASSIFIED BY  
ON 1-17-81

Reference is made to Chicago memorandum dated August 22, 1966.

C [REDACTED] b(1)  
[REDACTED] that George Lincoln Rockwell, National Commander, American Nazi Party, (ANP), had departed from Chicago on August 22, 1966, en route to Arlington, Virginia. Rockwell indicated he plans to return to Chicago for a rally and march to be held by the ANP on September 10, 1966.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. It is the property of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

11/29/79 100-106670-  
9/24/88

ENCLOSURE

C [REDACTED] b(1)  
[REDACTED] that George Lincoln Rockwell spoke at an ANP rally in Marquette Park, Chicago, on August 21, 1966. Source stated he only had the opportunity to hear Rockwell speak for a short time. During this time Rockwell stated, "We are going to ship the damn Niggers back to Africa," and he also stated "Martin Luther King is a damn communist." Rockwell also referred to King as Martin Luther "Coon." Rockwell called for those present, especially the young people, to come to Chicago ANP Headquarters on the evening of August 21, 1966, to hear him speak further.

C [REDACTED] b(1)  
[REDACTED] that he had learned that Robert Spate, Post Office Box 134, Wickcliffe, Ohio, a member of the National Knights of the Ku Klux Klan, Incorporated, (NKKKK), had attended the National States Rights Party, (NSRP), rally, held in Marquette Park, Chicago, on August 21, 1966.

C [REDACTED] b(1)  
[REDACTED] that Reverend Charles (Connie) Lynch, Organizer, for the NSRP will speak on the evening of August 24, 1966, at the Chicago Branch of the NSRP, 2237 North Western Avenue, Chicago.

Characterizations of the ANP, NSRP, and the NKKKK are contained in the appendix section of this memorandum.





[REDACTED] also advised a telegram was sent to King advising of the possibility of violence if a march into Cicero were conducted, and a telegram was sent to Governor of Illinois, Otto Kerner, requesting the calling of the National Guard prior to any march in Cicero.

Cicero City officials and Cook County Sheriff Richard Ogilvie planned to hold a conference with Governor Kerner in Springfield, Illinois at 10 a.m. on August 24, 1966.

An anonymous telephone call was received in the Chicago Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation during the afternoon of August 23, 1966, wherein it was stated that one [REDACTED] employed by the [REDACTED], Chicago, had stated he lived in Cicero and that when Negro groups march in Cicero he will be ready and will kill as many as he can.

[REDACTED] Illinois, white male, 5'7", 140 pounds, was determined to be in the employ of the [REDACTED]

Information regarding [REDACTED] was furnished to [REDACTED] of the Office of the Deputy Superintendent Conlisk, Chicago Police Department, and to [REDACTED] Cicero, Illinois Police Department.

[REDACTED] advised on August 23, 1966, that the ANP scheduled a demonstration for the City Hall, Chicago, at twelve noon August 24, 1966, to protest the failure of Chicago to effect the arrest of King. He also advised King was scheduled to address a student rally at 6401 South Sangamon, Chicago, to enlist student support in Chicago CFM activities.

[REDACTED] b7(c)  
b7(D)

At 8:20 p.m., the demonstrators returned to the cars and were escorted from the area by the Chicago Police Department. Counter-demonstrators tossed rocks at the departing vehicles but no demonstrators were injured.

Plans filed by the CFM with the Chicago Police Department on August 23, 1966, for a demonstration on August 24, 1966, included plans to assemble at Pasteur Park, West 53th Street and South Kostner, for a march in the area bounded by 5500 and 5900 South, between Kostner and South Pulaski. Prayer vigils were scheduled for Security Realtors, 5616 South Pulaski, and the Komenski Realtors, on West 55th Street, but no time was listed. The Chicago Police Department speculated that "probably the marchers would begin to move at 6:30 p.m.

At a press conference, on August 23, 1966, Police Superintendent O. W. Wilson reported crimes in Chicago are up over 30% from a year ago and cited as the cause the large number of police assigned to demonstrations. He predicted a high crime rate will continue as police are so assigned.

[REDACTED] b7(D)

[REDACTED], advised that Martin Luther King addressed a student rally at 6401 South Sangamon in Chicago and he urged student support of CFM activities, stating he definitely plans to conduct a demonstration in Cicero, Illinois, on August 28, 1966. There were no incidents or arrests in connection with the appearance of King.

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED] b7(c)  
b7(D)

XXXXXX  
XXXXXX  
XXXXXXFEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

1 Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.

- ☒ Deleted under exemption(s) b7(c) b7(D) with no segregable material available for release to you.
- ☐ Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to you or the subject of your request.
- ☐ Information pertained only to a third party. Your name is listed in the title only.
- ☐ Document(s) originating with the following government agency(ies) \_\_\_\_\_, was/were forwarded to them for direct response to you.

\_\_\_\_\_ Page(s) referred for consultation to the following government agency(ies); \_\_\_\_\_ as the information originated with them. You will be advised of availability upon return of the material to the FBI.

\_\_\_\_\_ Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

☐ For your information: \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

- ☒ The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:

NOT REC. 8/24/66 Chicago airtel 4 l.h.m. pg. 6

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X FOR THIS PAGE X  
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**AMERICAN NAZI PARTY OF THE WORLD UNION OF  
FREE ENTERPRISE NATIONAL SOCIALISTS, ALSO  
KNOWN AS THE GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL PARTY**

In his book "This Time The World," copyrighted in 1961, GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL identified himself as Commander, American Nazi Party of the World Union of Free Enterprise National Socialists (ANP - WUFENS), Arlington Virginia.

The April 4, 1963, issue of "The Richmond News Leader," a Richmond, Virginia, daily newspaper, reported that GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL had, on the previous day, again applied for the American Nazi Party to be chartered in the State of Virginia, but this request was turned down by the Virginia State Corporation Commission. This action was taken pursuant to an act of the 1962 Virginia Assembly which prohibits use of "Nazi" or "National Socialism" in a Virginia charter. This article further pointed out that ROCKWELL's Party is presently chartered in the State of Virginia as the George Lincoln Rockwell Party.

On August 14, 1964, a source advised that the ANP - WUFENS was organized by GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL at his residence in Arlington, Virginia, on February 26, 1959, as an international "National Socialist" movement based on the German Nazi Party headed by ADOLF HITLER. He added that ROCKWELL is the dominant force and personality in this party; that he is espousing a "line" of hatred against the Jews and Negroes; and that he is seeking, through speeches, distribution of literature and picketing, to establish a cohesive and dominant political party in the United States and in foreign countries.

According to the "Stormtrooper's Manual," an official publication of the ANP, the phases of ANP struggle for power are fourfold, namely, first "to make ourselves known to the masses"; second, "the dissemination of our program and truth about the Party"; third, "organizing the people who have been converted to our propaganda"; and fourth, "the attainment of power through the votes of the newly-won masses."

On September 16, 1965, the source advised that GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL believes he has completed the first three phases in his struggle for power and is now into the fourth stage, to wit, the "attainment of power through the votes of the newly-won masses." The source stated ROCKWELL believes this because of his success in gaining a place on the ticket in the November, 1965, gubernatorial election in the State of Virginia.

AMERICAN NAZI PARTY,  
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

A source advised on November 14, 1960, that on that date a meeting was held in Chicago, Illinois, for the purpose of organizing a Chicago unit of the American Nazi Party (ANP) which maintains headquarters in Arlington, Virginia. GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL, National Commander, ANP, took charge of this meeting.

On May 22, 1966, MATTHIAS KOEHL, self-identified as lieutenant, ANP, Chicago, advised that the ANP in Chicago is to a degree autonomous although it remains subject to the final authority of GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL and ANP National Headquarters.

A second source advised on January 6, 1966, that the Chicago branch of the ANP is currently located at 1314 West Ohio Street, Chicago, Illinois.

A characterization of the national organization follows.



NATIONAL STATES RIGHTS PARTY  
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

A source advised on February 8, 1966, that the Chicago Branch of the National States Rights Party (NSRP) is located at the NSRP National Bookshop at 2237 North Western Avenue, Chicago, Illinois. The Chicago Branch of the NSRP was officially opened on December 29, 1965, when Dr. EDWARD R. FIELDS, National Director of the NSRP, spoke at a rally held at 2237 North Western Avenue, Chicago.

RAYMOND LEO SCHULTZ, an organizer for the Chicago Branch of the NSRP, resides at 2237 North Western Avenue, Chicago.

This source also advised that the National Office of the NSRP is located at Augusta, Georgia, and the Chicago Branch of the NSRP subscribes to the policies of the National Office of the NSRP. The NSRP believes that there should not be race mixing between whites and Negroes and that Negroes in the United States by conducting demonstrations and causing riots are causing a breakdown of law and order in the United States. The NSRP also believes that the Jewish people are financing many of the Negro demonstrations, and, therefore, the Jewish people are responsible for race mixing and the breakdown of law and order in the United States. The NSRP believes that the Jews and the Negroes should be exposed in their attempts to have integration between whites and Negroes.

NATIONAL STATES RIGHTS PARTY (NSRP)

On November 26, 1957, a source advised that the United White Party (UWP) was organized at a convention held in Knoxville, Tennessee, on November 10, 1957. An article in the November 26, 1957, issue of the "Greenville Piedmont," a newspaper of Greenville, North Carolina, reported "the recent formation of a new political party, to be known as the United White Party." According to the article, the party was formed at a recently held meeting in Knoxville, Tennessee, at which many Klansmen were represented. The UWP was reported as being opposed to all "race mixing organizations and individuals."

The July, 1958, issue of "The Thunderbolt," self-described as the "official Racial Nationalist Organ of the National States Rights Party" (NSRP), reported that rank and file "States Righters" had merged with the UWP under "the banner of the National States Rights Party," with national offices at Post Office Box 261, Jeffersonville, Indiana.

In November, 1958, a source advised that the NSRP is composed of past members of Klan-type organizations and notorious anti-Semites.

Issue No. 19, dated June, 1960, of "The Thunderbolt" announced the address of the headquarters of the NSRP had been changed from Jeffersonville, Indiana, to Post Office Box 783, Birmingham, Alabama.

Issue No. 69, dated July, 1965, of "The Thunderbolt" announced the address of the new headquarters of the NSRP as Post Office Box 184, Augusta, Georgia.

On August 4, 1965, a source advised that EDWARD R. FIELDS, the Information Director of the NSRP and Editor of "The Thunderbolt," is the individual who actually controls the NSRP.

Issue No. 72, dated November, 1965, of "The Thunderbolt" reflects Dr. EDWARD R. FIELDS to be National Director of the NSRP as well as Editor of "The Thunderbolt."

"The Thunderbolt" continues to publish articles attacking Negroes and persons of the Jewish faith.



APPENDIX

1

NATIONAL KNIGHTS OF THE KU KLUX KLAN, INC.  
(DEKALB)

A source advised that on May 22, 1960, the National Grand Council of the Knights of the Ku Klux Klan met at Atlanta, Georgia, to discuss consolidation of the Klan's unity of effort and activities to establish a National Fund, and a National Secretary, and to design a new flag. The meeting was attended by representatives of the Federation of Ku Klux Klan, Alabama; Association of the Ku Klux Klan, Florida; Southern Knights of the Ku Klux Klan, Florida; Association of Georgia Klans, Georgia; Knights of the Ku Klux Klan, North Carolina; Association of South Carolina Klans, South Carolina; Dixie Knights of the Ku Klux Klan, Tennessee; and Kyklos Klan, Texas.

This source advised that at a consolidation meeting at Atlanta, Georgia, September 2-5, 1960, at which the North Carolina and Texas Klans were not represented, it was resolved and passed that their name be changed to National Ku Klux Klan.

A second source advised in March, 1964, that several meetings of Klan groups were held during the period 1960 to 1963 in an effort to unite the Klan groups under a single leadership.

The organization was granted a charter in DeKalb County, Georgia, November 1, 1963, under the name National Knights of the Ku Klux Klan, Inc., as a "patriotic, secret, social, and benevolent order."

A third source advised in December, 1963, that the organization had issued a statement of its program which indicated the organization to be anti-Negro, anti-Jewish, anti-Catholic, and anti-Foreign born.

The third source advised in August, 1964, that the organization has a headquarters in Tucker, Georgia, and the day-to-day operations are under the direction of JAMES R. VENABLE, Chairman.

F B I

Date: 8/15/66

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL  
(Priority)

TO DIRECTOR, FBI (100-106670)

FROM *hwb* SAC, NEWARK (100-47520)  
*KW*SUBJECT MARTIN LUTHER KING  
SM - C  
(OO: ATLANTA)

*1*

[REDACTED] advised that he learned that MARTIN LUTHER KING is expected to address the student body at Monmouth College, West Long Branch, New Jersey, on 10/6/66. [REDACTED] advised that specific time of address is not known but hour of 11:30 a.m. has been mentioned. According to [REDACTED] student body at Monmouth College numbers about 5,000.

*Barker*  
*7/11/66*  
*b7(D)*  
*info*

"The Star Ledger", a daily newspaper, published in Newark, New Jersey, in its issue of 9/15/66, page 7 carried a news article stating that Dr. KING would speak to the student body and faculty of Monmouth College, West Long Branch, on 10/6/66, in the college gymnasium. The lecture will not be open to the public because of limited space in the gymnasium.

*B*

For the information of the Bureau and receiving offices, Monmouth College is a non-sectarian private college started in 1933 and located in the North Jersey shore area in West Long Branch, New Jersey.

3 - Bureau (RM)  
2 - Atlanta (100-5586) (RM)  
1 - Chicago (Info) (RM)  
2 - Newark  
BJC:cam  
(8)

*REC-16*  
*EX-110*  
*100-106670-2692*  
*100 722 945*

E.E. WICK

12 SEP 16 1966

UNCLASSIFIED

54 SEP 26 1966

Special Agent in Charge

Sent 11-16-79

M

Per

INT/SEC

NK 100-47520

No letterhead memo is being prepared in this matter and information developed will be furnished the Bureau and Atlanta. A copy is also being furnished Chicago for information in view of KING's recent activity there.

LEAD

NEWARK

At West Long Branch, New Jersey: Will remain alert to any additional information concerning visit of MARTIN LUTHER KING to Monmouth College.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

9/14/66

HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN  
OTHERWISE.

~~SECRET~~

AIRTEL

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN  
OTHERWISE.

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-438794)  
FROM : SAC, NEW YORK (100-149194)  
SUBJECT: COMINFIL SCLC  
IS-C  
(OO: Atlanta)

7-15-80  
CLASSIFIED AND SP4 JRM/d  
EXTENDED BY  
REASON FOR EXTENSION 2  
FCIM, II, 1-2.4.2  
DATE OF REVIEW FOR  
DECLASSIFICATION 9-14-86  
54686, 73516, 80514

Re NY teletype of 9/13/66, reporting results of  
contact between MARTIN LUTHER KING and STANLEY LEVISON. This  
communication was captioned, "CIRM".

Enclosed are ten copies of a LHM incorporating  
the information in teletype. The source of the information was [REDACTED] b(2)  
Two copies are enclosed for the assistance of the Atlanta Office, since that office is origin in the b7(D)  
Cominfil SCLC and KING cases.

- [REDACTED]
- 4-Bureau (100-438794) (Encl. 10) (RM)  
(1-100-106670)  
2-Atlanta (100-5718) (Encl. 2) (RM)  
(1-100-5586) (MARTIN LUTHER KING)  
1-NY (100-73250) (CLARENCE JONES) (42)  
1-NY (100-111180) (STANLEY LEVISON) (42)  
1-NY (100-136585) (MARTIN LUTHER KING) (42)  
1-NY (100-149194) (42)

JMK:rmv

(11) ENCLOSURE

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Classified by 603 Led/HAP  
Exempt from GDS, Category 2  
Date of Declassification Indefinite  
11/16/77

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES  
AND FIELD OFFICES  
ADVISED BY ROUTING  
SLIP(S) OF Classification  
DATE 11/17/77 LED/RL

~~SECRET~~

54 SEP 26 1966

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XXXXXXFEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
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- ☒ Deleted under exemption(s) b(1) with no segregable material available for release to you.
- ☐ Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to you or the subject of your request.
- ☐ Information pertained only to a third party. Your name is listed in the title only.
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☐ For your information: \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

☒ The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:

NOT REC. 9/14/66 N.Y. airtel pg. 2

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 X FOR THIS PAGE X  
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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
~~SECRET~~  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

Bu 100-438794

New York, New York  
September 14, 1966

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN  
OTHERWISE.

DECLASSIFIED AND EXTENDED BY *SP4 JRM/L* Re: Communist Infiltration of the  
REASON FOR EXTENSION *2* Southern Christian Leadership  
FCIM, II, 1-2.4.2 Conference, SCLC  
DATE OF REVIEW FOR Internal Security - C  
DECLASSIFICATION *9-14-86*  
*5 4 6 8 8, 73 516, POS 14*

On September 9, 1966, a confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised that Martin Luther King, President of the SCLC, was in contact with Stanley Levison on that date. The contact, according to the source, concerned the following matters:

Levison said George Wiley (former Associate Director of the Congress of Racial Equality), was interested in working for the SCLC, and, therefore, wanted to set a time when he could see King. King said he would have to see him in Chicago, Illinois, since he would not have time to see him while in New York City on Sunday (September 11, 1960). In the event Wiley and the SCLC can agree to terms, Wiley could work in Atlanta, King told Levison. King said such an arrangement would be quite

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

Classified by *6080 Sed*  
Exempt from GDS, Category *2*  
Date of Declassification Indefinite  
*11-16-77*

~~SECRET~~  
~~Group 1~~

~~Excluded from automatic~~  
~~downgrading and~~  
~~declassification~~

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES  
AND FIELD OFFICES  
ADVISED BY ROUTING  
SLIP(S) OF *Classification*  
DATE *11/21/77* *100/138*

ENCLOSURE

~~SECRET~~

Re: Communist Infiltration of the  
Southern Christian Leadership  
Conference, SCLC  
Internal Security -C

satisfactory since they reorganized the administrative set-up  
in Atlanta.

In elaborating on the break-down of the SCLC, King said they have four divisions: Hosea Williams is the Southern Projects Director; Everol (Phonetic) is the Northern Projects Director; there is an Organizational Programs Division, which includes citizenship education, the affiliates, the departments, Operation Birdbath, Operation Dialog, Economic Affairs, all of which are headed by Dorothy Cotton; and finally, Junius (Junius Briggs) is Director of the Fourth Division dealing with Administration, Public Relations, Office Staff, and the general flow of fund raising.

King said the SCLC also has a steering committee composed of seven people and the four division heads. This body, according to him, meets every Monday at 10:00 am to handle administrative matters. No expenditures, King said, can be made without the approval of the committee.

Levison told King he would like to get together with him for the purpose of considering a new book. Levison said he thought the time was right for one and would travel out to Chicago to discuss it with King. King said he would notify Levison as to when he should come out for that purpose.

Another matter considered was the resignation of Julian Bond from the Student NonViolent Coordinating Committee, SNCC. In that regard, King said Julian desired to work for the

-2-

~~SECRET~~

~~SECRET~~

Re: Communist Infiltration of the  
Southern Christian Leadership  
Conference, SCLC  
Internal Security - C

SCLC, but would have to wait for things to cool down. Bond, King remarked, preferred to wait rather than give the impression that he was deserting SNCC. Levison commented that King and the SCLC should be able to get the better civil rights people who are leaving other civil rights organizations.

In reference to the recent disturbance in Atlanta, King said SNCC was rejected by the Negroes. SNCC was told by Negroes that they did not like the slums, but preferred them over guns and violence.

In reply to a question from Levison as to whether King felt "Black Power" was waning in terms of a viable force, King answered affirmatively, commenting, however, that the press was keeping it alive and representing it to be more than it is.

Levison told about a recent conversation Clarence Jones had with Stokely Carmichael and as a result, Jones concluded that Carmichael was a very dangerous man. In fact, Jones, Levison added, described him as a black nationalist. King was of the opinion that Carmichael would serve a prison sentence as a consequence of the riot. He added that he did not agree with the charge of having incited a riot and in line with American jurisprudence he would say he is innocent until he is proven guilty. And in planning what he would say during a press conference that night, King said he should say just that if asked about Carmichael, King said he thought he could get away with such an answer for the time being but that Carmichael would eventually seek his support. Levison said if Carmichael should be convicted of inciting a riot, they would have to blame those forces which compelled the riot.

-3-  
~~SECRET~~



~~SECRET~~

Re: Communist Infiltration of the  
Southern Christian Leadership  
Conference, SCLC  
Internal Security - C

Clarence Jones

Clarence Jones is the General Counsel  
to the Gandhi Society for Human Rights,  
15 East 40th Street, New York, New York. u

[REDACTED] b(1)

The Labor Youth League has been designated  
pursuant to Executive Order 10450. u

Stanley Levison

[REDACTED] b(1)

-4-  
~~SECRET~~

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 1-17-81 BY SP4 JMM/ra

FBI

Date: 9/13/66

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_

(Type in plaintext or code)

Via \_\_\_\_\_

A I R T E L

REGISTERED MAIL

(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-106670)  
FROM: SAC, CHARLOTTE (100-10075) (P)  
SUBJECT: SCHEDULED APPEARANCE OF DR. MARTIN  
LUTHER KING, JR., AT JOHNSON C.  
SMITH UNIVERSITY, CHARLOTTE,  
N. C., 9/21/66  
SM - C

(OO: CHARLOTTE)

Enclosed for the Bureau are nine (9) copies of  
LHM concerning captioned matter.

Enclosed for the Atlanta Division are two (2) copies  
of LHM concerning captioned matter.

LHM has been disseminated locally to military  
intelligence and secret service.

██████████ referred to in enclosed LHM ██████████

Enclosed LHM is classified CONFIDENTIAL, as it  
contains information from a confidential informant of  
continuing value, and unauthorized disclosure of this  
information could possibly compromise this informant to  
the detriment of the national defense interest.

LEADS:

/cc 92294D

AGENCY: ACSI, ONI, OSI, SEC. SER.

T: ISD, CRD, RAO, CAGM

DATE FORW: 9/19/66

HOW FORW: R/S

BY: PTR JCK

C G. Mc

## ATLANTA DIVISION

Advise the Charlotte Division of any available  
information regarding plans of Dr. KING to appear in Charlotte  
as indicated.

- 3 - Bureau (Encls-9) (RM)  
2 - Atlanta (Encls-2) (100-5586) (RM)  
2 - Charlotte

GHC/jmg

Approved: (7)

SEP 26 1966

Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_

M

Per \_\_\_\_\_

SUBV. CONTROL

INT. SEC.

SEP 14 1966

F B I

Date:

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plaintext or code)Via \_\_\_\_\_  
(Priority)

CE 100-10075

CHARLOTTE DIVISION

b(2) b7(D)

Will maintain contact with [REDACTED] and other WIO informants to ascertain if there are any plans to demonstrate or take any action regarding Dr. KING's proposed appearance.

2.

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_ Sent \_\_\_\_\_ M Per \_\_\_\_\_  
Special Agent in Charge



In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
Charlotte, North Carolina  
September 13, 1966

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
DATE 1-17-81 BY SP4JMR/uk

6076

SCHEDULED APPEARANCE OF DR. MARTIN LUTHER KING,  
JR., AT JOHNSON C. SMITH UNIVERSITY, CHARLOTTE,  
NORTH CAROLINA, SEPTEMBER 21, 1966

[REDACTED] advised [REDACTED] that Dr. MARTIN  
LUTHER KING, JR. has been scheduled to speak at Johnson C. Smith  
University on September 21, 1966, in connection with an anniversary  
celebration of this school.

[REDACTED] stated that LARRY LIGHTNER, minister of  
Muhammad's Mosque No. 36, Nation of Islam, Charlotte, North  
Carolina, is opposed to Dr. KING and his integration policies.  
LIGHTNER has stated he is opposed to Dr. KING's appearance at  
Johnson C. Smith University. This informant stated that  
LIGHTNER gave no indication, however, that he plans any type  
of demonstration or other action to express his opposition to  
Dr. KING's appearance, and LIGHTNER has not even indicated that  
he plans to attend this speech.

Characterizations of Muhammad's Mosque No. 36 and of  
the Nation of Islam are attached as appendixes to this memorandum.

THIS DOCUMENT CONTAINS NEITHER RECOMMENDATIONS  
NOR CONCLUSIONS OF THE FBI. IT IS THE PROPERTY  
OF THE FBI AND IS LOANED TO YOUR AGENCY; IT AND  
ITS CONTENTS ARE NOT TO BE DISTRIBUTED OUTSIDE  
YOUR AGENCY.

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES  
AND FIELD OFFICES  
ADVISED BY ROUTING  
SLIP(S) OF [REDACTED]  
DATE 11/17/70 [REDACTED]

DECLASSIFIED BY 16089 [REDACTED]  
ON 11/16/77

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

GROUP 1

Excluded from automatic  
downgrading and declassification.

ENCLOSURE

MUHAMMAD'S MOSQUE NUMBER 36  
CHARLOTTE, NORTH CAROLINA

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

On May 8, 1962, a source advised that during the summer of 1960 a group of Muslims organized a Temple of Islam in Charlotte, North Carolina.

On May 21, 1964, a second source advised that the Charlotte Temple of Islam was then referred to as Muhammad's Mosque Number 36.

This second source stated on May 6, 1966, that all meetings and activities of this Mosque are directly related to and follow the teachings of ELIJAH MUHAMMAD of Chicago, Illinois, the world leader of the Nation of Islam.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~NATION OF ISLAM

In January, 1957, a source advised that Elijah Muhammad has described his organization on a nationwide basis as the "Nation of Islam" and "Muhammad's Temples of Islam."

On April 29, 1966, a second source advised that Elijah Muhammad is the national leader of the Nation of Islam (NOI); Muhammad's Temple of Islam No. 2, 5335 South Greenwood Avenue, Chicago, Illinois, is the national headquarters of the NOI; and in mid-1960 Muhammad and other NOI officials, when referring to Muhammad's organization on a nationwide basis, commenced using either "Mosque" or "Temple" when mentioning one of "Muhammad's Temples of Islam."

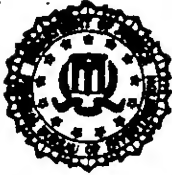
The NOI is an all-Negro organization which was originally organized in 1930 in Detroit, Michigan. Muhammad claims to have been selected by Allah, The Supreme Being, to lead the so-called Negro race out of slavery in the wilderness of North America by establishing an independent black nation in the United States. Members following Muhammad's teachings and his interpretation of the "Koran" believe there is no such thing as a Negro; that the so-called Negroes are slaves of the white race, referred to as "white devils," in the United States; and that the white race, because of its exploitation of the so-called Negroes, must and will be destroyed in the approaching "War of Armageddon."

In the past, officials and members of the NOI, including Muhammad, have refused to register under the provisions of the Selective Service Acts and have declared that members owe no allegiance to the United States.

On May 5, 1958, the first source advised that Muhammad had, upon advice of legal counsel, tempered his personal statements and instructions to his ministers concerning the principles of his organization in order to avoid possible prosecution by the United States Government; however, he did not indicate any fundamental changes in the teachings of his organization.

On May 2, 1966, a third source advised that Muhammad had, early in July, 1958, decided to de-emphasize the religious aspects of the teachings of Islam and to stress the economic benefits to be derived by those Negroes who joined the NOI. This policy change, according to Muhammad, would help him acquire additional followers and create more interest in his programs.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~



In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
Charlotte, North Carolina  
September 13, 1966

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Title	SCHEDULED APPEARANCE OF DR. MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR., AT JOHNSON C. SMITH UNIVERSITY, CHARLOTTE, NORTH CAROLINA, SEPTEMBER 21, 1966
Character	SECURITY MATTERS - COMMUNIST
Reference	Memorandum dated September 13, 1966, at Charlotte, North Carolina, captioned as above.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

222: 1/2-2

1. *Phragmites australis* (Cav.) Trin. ex Steud.

[illegible]

ENCL  
P1

Indicated for this record are 11 copies of a letterhead memorandum concerning captioned matter.

3. A copy of the letter was also furnished to the  
1968 University of Chicago, Chicago, Illinois, U.S.A.

[REDACTED]  
 [REDACTED]  
 [REDACTED] who developed the identity of [REDACTED]  
 protection.

100-106670

The Chicago Office is following this matter closely and the Bureau will be kept advised of all pertinent developments.

*Journal of Management Studies*, 19(1), 67-80.

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

.....

1 - Bureau (Encls. 11)  
2 - Chicago  
(1 - 157-110)  
(1 - 100-88863)  
(1 - 157-768)

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NOT RECORDED  
183 SEP 13 1966

**\*CLOSE\***

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 1-17-81 BY SP4 JRM/AL

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Agent in Charge

ORIGINAL FILED IN





UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.  
Chicago 157-1392

Chicago, Illinois  
September 7, 1968

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 1-17-81 BY SP4JAM/2

6076

POSSIBLE VIOLENCE DIRECTED  
AGAINST NEGRO STUDENTS,  
GAGE PARK HIGH SCHOOL,  
SEPTEMBER, 1968  
RACIAL MATTER

The "Chicago American", a local Chicago daily newspaper in its issue of August 28, 1968, contained an article entitled "To Martin Luther King From Negro Parents;" this article contained the text of a communication from parents of 150 Negro children to Martin Luther King.

The communication to Martin Luther King in effect was critical of marches of Martin Luther King's group into the all white Gage Park area of Chicago pointing out that on September 7, 1968, Negro school children will be required to travel through Gage Park area to attend the Gage Park High School and there was a possibility of retaliation against these Negro children as a result of the marches led by Martin Luther King.

The communication demanded that King announce a truce or moratorium on the marches in the Gage Park area before school begins or get the school board to change the boundaries back to what they used to be so the Negro children can go to their own schools instead of over in the Gage Park neighborhood.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. It is the property of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

100-106670-

ENCLOSURE

ENCLOSURE

POSSIBLE VIOLENCE DIRECTED  
AGAINST NEGRO STUDENTS,  
CASE PARK HIGH SCHOOL,  
SEPTEMBER, 1966  
MICHAEL HATZER

The communication points out to King that it is now not even safe for adults to go down 53rd Street in broad day light. The communication points out that the people in the Gage Park area of Chicago are upset because of the marches and requested that King take that threat away and concentrate somewhere else so that the children can again walk freely into that neighborhood every day.

A source who has furnished reliable information in the past [REDACTED] advised [REDACTED] that the Chicago Board of Education is quite aware of the potential for violence in the Gage Park area of Chicago where disturbances occurred recently as a result of marches into that area on the part of Martin Luther King's Chicago Freedom Movement, however, no specific information has been reported indicating any planned acts of violence. b7(D)

[REDACTED] advised the Chicago Division of the Federal Bureau of Investigation on August 31, 1966, that the Chicago Police Department was quite aware of the tenseness in the Gage Park area of Chicago as a result of recent marches into that area by the Chicago Freedom Movement. However, he knew of no organized plans for violence at this time. [REDACTED] added that the Chicago Police Department plans to afford the area additional attention in order to preclude any violence. b7(C)

The above information was furnished on August 31, 1966, to the following individuals:

[REDACTED], Region I, 113th IROC  
Group, Evanston, Illinois.

J. T. Brunner, United States Attorney's  
Office, Chicago, Illinois.

[REDACTED] United States Secret Service  
Office, Chicago, Illinois.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Chicago 157-1392

Chicago, Illinois  
September 7, 1966

Title	POSSIBLE VIOLENCE DIRECTED AGAINST NEGRO STUDENTS, GAGE PARK HIGH SCHOOL, SEPTEMBER, 1966
Character	RACIAL MATTER
Reference	Memorandum dated and captioned as above.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. It is the property of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

REC 54

September 14, 1966

100-106670-2690

SEP 13 6 06 PM '66  
FBI  
REC'D-READING ROOM

b7(c)

Chicago, Illinois 60629

Dear [REDACTED]

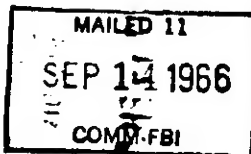
Your letter of September 7th, with enclosure, has been received.

With respect to your inquiries, information contained in the files of the FBI must be maintained as confidential in accordance with regulations of the Department of Justice. I trust you will understand the reason for this policy.

Karl Prussion assisted this Bureau by furnishing information on subversive activities from November, 1949, to July, 1958, during which time he was compensated; however, he was not a Special Agent. His personal ventures, his opinions and comments are strictly his own and the FBI is not in a position to comment on these in any way whatsoever.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover



NOTE: Correspondent is not identifiable in Bufiles.

DFC:tlc  
(3)

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Wick \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
Felt \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

TRUE COPY

Chicago, Ill.  
Sept. 7, 1966

Dear Mr. Hoover:

I am just an average American who works, pays his bills, tries to educate his children and does not worry about our country being able to survive. However, I was greatly disturbed by the attached publication. I want to know if some of the statements printed in this paper are true. Please give me the benefit of your knowledge by answering the following questions:

1. Did Martin Luther King attend the Highlander Folk School?
2. Was the Highlander Folk School a left wing or Communist front organization?

What left wing or Communist front organization did King belong to or accept aid from?

4. Was Karl Prussion a counterspy for the F.B.I. ?

I would very much appreciate an early reply to these questions.

Sincerely,

Chicago, Ill. 60629

1 SEP 19 1966

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DATE 1-17-81 BY SP4 Jm h

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[REDACTED]

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Chicago, Ill.

Sept. 7, 1966

Dear Mr. Hoover:

I am just an average American who works, pays his bills, tries to educate his children and does not worry about our country being able to survive. However, I was greatly disturbed by the attached publication. I want to know if some of the statements printed in this paper are true. Please give me the benefit of your knowledge by answering the following questions:

1. Did Martin Luther King attend the Highlander Folk School?

2. Was the Highlander Folk School a left wing or Communist front organization?

3. What left wing or Communist front organization did King belong to or accept aid from?

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
DATE 1-17-81 BY SP4 JMM

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9-13-66

ack

9-14-66

ABC: zlc

enc.

ENCLOSURE

CORRESPONDENCE

4. Was Karl Prussian a counteresp for  
the F.B.I.?

I would very much appreciate an early  
reply to these questions.

Sincerely,  
b7(c)

[REDACTED]

Chicago, Ill. 60629

SEP 12 9 21 AM '66

RECORDED & INDEXED  
FBI

SEP 12 8

"PETITION" - To: THE PRESIDENT and CONGRESS of the UNITED STATES; I petition you to investigate and expose the extent of Moscow & Peking influence in the subversive lawless "civil rights" demonstrations and "Negro revolution." Mayor R.J. Daley states Communists are activist  
CITIZEN \_\_\_\_\_ ADDRESS \_\_\_\_\_ CITY \_\_\_\_\_

Page Four

THE AUGUSTA COURIER, JULY 8, 1963

(Augusta, Georgia)

# MARTIN LUTHER KING....AT COMMUNIST TRAINING SCHOOL



The above picture was made by an employee of the State of Georgia, at the Highlander Folk School in Monteagle, Tennessee during the Labor Day week-end of 1957. The photographer was sent to the Highlander Folk School by the Georgia Commission on Education. The Highlander Folk School was abolished by an act of the Legislature of the State of Tennessee at a later date because it was charged with being a subversive organization.

Those numbered in the picture are:

1. Martin Luther King, Jr., of the Montgomery boycott and the Birmingham riots. Karl Prussion, a counterspy for the FBI for twenty-two years, charges that Martin Luther King belongs to sixty Communist-front organizations — more than any Communist in the United States.
2. Abner W. Berry of the Central Committee of the Communist Party.
3. Aubrey Williams, President of the Southern Conference Education Fund, Inc., The Transmission Belt in the South for the Communist Party.
4. Myles Horton, Director of Highlander Folk School for Communist Training, Monteagle, Tennessee.

These "Four Horsemen" of racial agitation have brought tension, disturbance, strife and violence in their advancement of the Communist doctrine of "racial nationalism."





The Independent American - Nov. 25, 1963  
New Orleans, La.

Quotation found on the back of the original photograph which indicates that three identified Communists, Anne and Carl Br. and James E. Dombrowski, were among the principal speakers, along with Martin Luther King, at the Sixth Annual Conference of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference at Birmingham, Alabama on September 25-28, 1962. In James Dombrowski's handwriting we note: "M. L. King, Jr., responding to Anne Braden's speech. In background, AB (Anne Braden), Carl Braden, JAD (James A. Dombrowski). The figures 6670 are evidently the State's document number, indicating the extent of the evidence found in Dombrowski's files. Anne and Carl Braden are identified Communists. Carl Braden was convicted of sedition under Kentucky laws, and is the publisher of the official newspaper of the Southern Conference Educational Fund, "The Southern Patriot."

Although Martin Luther King, Jr., piously claims no Red connections, the above picture may be well worth a thousand words of refutation of King's claims.

Not strangely since the records of the SCEF have been in the possession of the Louisiana authorities, racial agitation in the South has been reduced considerably. Responsible authorities informed THE INDEPENDENT AMERICAN that the SCEF was probably one of the key centers for dissemination of literature connected with the various public demonstrations in which Martin Luther King has been a key figure.

FBI Dir. Hoover told Congress 4/22/64: "The Communist Party is attempting to use the Negro movement, as it does everything else, to promote its own interest rather than the welfare of those to whom it directs its agitation & propaganda; (and) to exploit the militant forces of the Negro civil-rights movement. The old Communist principle still holds: 'Communism must be built with non-Communist hands.' We do know that the Communist influence does exist in the Negro movement & it is this influence which is vitally important. It can be the means through which large masses are caused to lose perspective on the issues involved and, without realizing it, succumb to the party's propaganda lures." Mr. Hoover wrote: 10/24/60: "If a Minister can be influenced to keep silent about the dangers of Communism, the party has gained." (Christianity Today)

## What Was That About No Red Connections, Martin Luther King?

BY KENT COURTNEY, PUBLISHER

The Communist Party, U.S.A. has been put on the defensive in New Orleans as the result of the operation of the Louisiana Subversive Control Law.

Readers will recall that in the last issue of THE INDEPENDENT AMERICAN we carried a feature story concerning the raid made on October 4 by Louisiana State Police on the headquarters of the Southern Conference Educational Fund, Inc.

The SCEF has been officially labeled as a Communist-front organization by two Congressional committees, and James A. Dombrowski, the Executive Director of the SCEF, was identified as a Communist before the Senate Sub-committee on Internal Security on March 12, 1954.

The raid on SCEF headquarters obtained for the State of Louisiana evidence concerning the activities of this Communist-

the Subcommittee.

Dombrowski, acting for the SCEF, has attempted to regain possession of his files and records in both State and Federal Courts. He has entered suits to obtain injunctions preventing the copying of the evidence by the State Police and the Senate Committee.

Fortunately, the State Police and the investigators of the Louisiana Joint Legislative Committee on Un-American Activities and the staff of the Senate Committee on Internal Security have had ample time, since October 4, to go through the evidence and make copies of pertinent portions.

The Louisiana anti-Communist committee held a hearing on November 8th, in which certain evidence was made part of the public domain. Below is the first publication of this particular evidence.

Above is shown Martin Luther King, the head of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference which has been in the forefront in racial and civil rights agitation, not only throughout the South but the nation. Below the photo is a reproduction of (See RED CONNECTIONS....Page 6

front organization. The material collected was first transported to a State Police warehouse in Baton Rouge. However, legal possession was transferred to the Senate Committee on Internal Security when the evidence was subpoenaed by Senator James O. Eastland of Mississippi, Chairman of

"In God We Trust"

Distributed by the ANTI-COMMUNIST LEAGUE OF THE AMERICAS, 407 S. Dearborn St., Chicago, ILL.  
"Eternal vigilance is the price of liberty" "Freedom must be re-won by each generation."

FBI

Date: **SEPT. 13, 1966**Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plaintext or code)Via **AIRTEL** \_\_\_\_\_  
(Priority)

**TO: DIRECTOR, FBI**  
**FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (157-1261)**  
**SUBJECT: DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO FREEDOM  
 MOVEMENT (CFM)-SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN  
 LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC)  
 CHICAGO, ILLINOIS  
 RM**

Re Chicago airtel and Letterhead Memorandum (LHM)  
 dated 9/12/66.

Enclosed for the Bureau are 12 copies, for Atlanta  
 two copies, of a LHM concerning captioned matter.

Copies of this matter being provided Secret Service,  
 Chicago, Office of USA, Chicago, Region I, 113th INTC Group,  
 Evanston, Illinois.

Chicago following this matter and pertinent develop-  
 ments will be furnished the Bureau and Atlanta.

- ⑤ - Bureau (Encls. 12)  
 (1 - 100-438794) (COMINFIL, SCLC)  
 (1 - 100-106670) (MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.)  
 2 - Atlanta (100-5718) (SCLC) (Encls. 2)  
 (1 - 100-5586) (MARTIN LUTHER KING)  
 5 - Chicago  
 (1 - 157-413)  
 (1 - 157-1053)  
 (1 - 105-16238)  
 (1 - 100-35356) (MARTIN LUTHER KING)

ENCLOSURE

PRE: pag  
 (12)

**ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
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**DATE 1-17-81 BY SP**  
**407m14**  
**NOT RECORDED**  
**198 SEP 19 1966**

CARBON COPY

Appr

**SEP 23 1966**

Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_ M Per \_\_\_\_\_

ORIGINAL FILED IN



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Chicago 157-1261  
File No.

Chicago, Illinois  
September 13, 1966

**DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO FREEDOM  
MOVEMENT (CFM)-SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN  
LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC)  
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS  
RACIAL MATTER**

Reference Chicago memorandum dated September 12, 1966, concerning captioned matter.

On September 12, 1966, [REDACTED] advised the Chicago Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation that on September 11, 1966, a group of pickets appeared at the residence of Gilbert Balin, 8527 West Cermack Road, North Riverside, and demonstrated from 3:10 PM to 4:00 PM. The pickets, 24 of whom were Negro, were led by Reverend William Biggs, white, carried homemade signs which read: "Balin Slum Landlord" and "Balin Won't Negotiate." [REDACTED] said the pickets were ignored by the residents of the area and they were orderly and left the area peacefully at about 4:00 PM. There were no arrests. b7(D)

The September 12, 1966, issue of the "Chicago Daily News" in an article captioned "Tenants Union Pickets Home Of Realty Man" reflects in part:

"A tenants' union organized by the Rev. Dr. Martin Luther King's Chicago Freedom Movement (CFM) picketed the suburban home of a West Side real estate agent in an effort to gain bargaining rights."

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. It is the property of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

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DATE 1-17-81 BY SP4 JRM/ld

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ENCLOSURE

**DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO FREEDOM  
MOVEMENT (CFM)-SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN  
LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC)  
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS  
RACIAL MATTER**

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"The East Garfield Park Union to End Slums sought to force Gilbert Balin, owner of a real estate firm at 21 N. Pulaski Rd., to sign a contract giving the union the right to represent his tenants.

"Twenty-five pickets, most of them Negroes, marched for an hour in front of Balin's North Riverside home, but Balin was not there. Residents in the area ignored the demonstrators.

"The pickets were led by the Rev. William Biggs, pastor of the Warren Av. Congregational Church, 3101 W. Warren, West Side headquarters for the Chicago Freedom Movement.

"The Tenants union recently signed a contract with the Condor & Costalis real estate firm, 2959 W. Jackson Blvd. The pact provides a grievance procedure for tenants and requires the firm to maintain and repair its West Side buildings.

"A similar contract with Balin is sought.

"Advocates of tenants unions contend that they provide renters in poor neighborhoods a means of forcing landlords to keep up buildings and prevent slums.

"Opponents contend that such unions interfere with the legal rights of property owners. CFM decided to press for such unions after calling off open housing marches in the wake of an open occupancy agreement with civic leaders last month."

Copies of this communication have been furnished to the following:

United States Secret Service, Office of the United States Attorney and Region I, 113th IMC Group, Evanston, Illinois.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

FBI

Date 9/12/66

Transm:

DATE 1-17-81 BY SP4 JMD

(Type in plaintext or code)

Via

AIRTEL

6076

(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI  
FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (157-1261)  
SUBJECT: DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO FREEDOM  
MOVEMENT (CFM) - SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN  
LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC)  
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS  
RACIAL MATTERS

Re Chicago teletype dated 9/9/66.

Enclosed for the Bureau are 12 copies, for Atlanta two  
copies, of a letterhead memorandum concerning captioned matter.

Chicago is following this matter and pertinent developments  
will be provided the Bureau and Atlanta.

The source concealed in the enclosed letterhead memorandum  
is [REDACTED]

b7(D)

- 5 - Bureau (Enc. 12)  
1 - 100-438794 (COMMINTIL, SCLC)  
1 - 100-106670 (MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.)  
2 - Atlanta (100-5718) (SCLC) (Enc. 2)  
1 - 100-5586 (MARTIN LUTHER KING)  
5 - Chicago (157-1261)  
1 - 157-413  
1 - 157-1053  
1 - 105-16238  
1 - 100-35356 (MARTIN LUTHER KING)

Agency G-2, ONI, OSI, CRD

SEP 15 1966

Date Forw.....

How Forw.....

By.....

1 RACIAL UNIT

JED:EJD  
(12)

ENCLOSURE

NOT RECORDED  
183 SEP 16 1966

1 SEP 14 1966

SUBV CONTROL

Approved:

Special Agent in Charge

Sent

M Per



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No. 100-106670

Chicago, Illinois  
September 12, 1966

DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO FREEDOM  
MOVEMENT (CFM) - SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN  
LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC)  
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS  
RACIAL MATTERS

Reference is made to Chicago memorandum of September 9, 1966, under the above caption, and that of "PICKETING DEMONSTRATION, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS, BY TENANT ACTION COUNCIL (TAC), OLD TOWN GARDEN APARTMENTS, 1446 SEDGWICK STREET, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS; RACIAL MATTERS."

On September 8, 1966, a confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised that the CFM - SCLC was to hold a rally that evening at the Greater Mt. Hope Baptist Church, 6034 South Princeton Avenue, Chicago.

Martin Luther King, Jr., President, SCLC, was to be present at this meeting and was to explain to the others in attendance the details of the agreement made between the CFM and Chicago civic authorities, the agreement concerning open housing which had in turn caused the CFM to agree to terminate its civil rights marches into all-white neighborhoods.

[REDACTED] advised the Chicago Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) Office during the late evening hours of September 8, 1966, that the civil rights rally held at Mt. Hope Baptist Church had commenced at approximately 8:00 p.m., and had

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 1-17-81 BY SP4JMM/ML

6076

ENCLOSURE

b7(D)

100-106670-

ended at about 10:45 p.m. Martin Luther King, Jr. did not attend this rally and [REDACTED] advised he had no information that King at that time was in the Chicago area. [REDACTED] advised that Al Raby, Convener, Coordinating Council of Community Organizations, was one of the main speakers at the meeting, discussing the recent rent strike at the Old Town Garden Apartments and the sale on September 8, 1966, of these apartments, which had resulted in an end to this rent strike. [REDACTED] advised that there were no incidents or arrests during the course of this rally. b7(D)

The "Chicago Daily News," edition of September 9, 1966, contained an article relating to the September 8, 1966, rally at the Mt. Hope Baptist Church. This article reflected that one of the speakers at this meeting had been Reverend Andrew Young, Executive Director, SCAC, who had stated that the CFM would direct its energies toward three major fronts in the coming weeks. These so-called battle areas included that of de facto school segregation, unionization of low paid workers, and continued eradication of slum housing. Young stated that "direct action" methods would be used in all these areas.

Young had indicated that possibly demonstrations would be held at locations of stores and firms that refused to recognize unions formed by their respective employees. He singled Saks Fifth Avenue, 669 North Michigan Avenue, as one of these stores. Young noted that more than 100 of the firm's employees here had formed a union, but that Saks had refused to recognize or deal with this collective. Young stated that if Saks did not recognize this union by September 15 the employees would strike; however, he was not specific in the support which the CFM might supply. In the area of slum removal Young emphasized the importance of the use of rent strikes, stating that such activities would enjoy the full support of the CFM, this including the moving back of evicted people into their apartments.

Copies of this memorandum are being provided the following: Secret Service, Chicago; Office of the United States Attorney, Chicago; Region I, 113th INTC Group, Evanston, Illinois.



UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

TO : Mr. W. C. Sullivan

FROM : F. J. Baumgardner

SUBJECT: MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.  
SECURITY MATTER - C

1 - Mr. Wick  
1 - Mr. Sullivan

DATE: 9-12-66

1 - Mr. Baumgardner  
1 - Mr. Bland  
1 - Mr. Basher  
1 - Mr. Kelly

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
Felt \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

On 9-6-66 King held a conference in New York City with his principal advisors, who have subversive backgrounds, where a letter was prepared over King's signature to Negro youths imploring Negroes to adhere to nonviolence. Participants were unable to agree on a final draft of the letter which is to be reworked for King's approval and allegedly to be read over the National Broadcasting Company on 9-12-66.

The Attorney General previously expressed an interest in this matter and pursuant to instructions from [redacted] Internal Security Section, New York and Atlanta were telephonically contacted 9-10-66 by Extra Duty Supervisor [redacted] and advised of the Attorney General's interest in this matter. New York and Atlanta were also requested to furnish any pertinent information developed regarding this matter immediately by telephone to the Bureau.

At 10 p.m. 9-11-66 Special Agent [redacted] of the New York Office called Special Agent [redacted] Extra Duty Supervisor, Domestic Intelligence Division, to advise that New York sources at the National Broadcasting Company Radio and Television could furnish no information concerning above letter. If information is later developed, it will be immediately furnished to the Bureau.

## ACTION:

None. For information.

(8)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
DATE 1-17-81 BY SP4JAM/ML

EX-110

REC 17

100-106170-2689

56 SEP 20 1966

16 SEP 16 1966



UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

TO : Mr. Gale *9/9/66*

FROM : A. B. Eddy *John*

DATE: 9/10/66

Tolson ☒  
DeLoach ☒  
Mohr ☒  
Casper ☒  
Callahan ☒  
Conrad ☒  
Felt ☒  
Gale ☒  
Rosen ☒  
Sullivan ☒  
Tavel ☒  
Trotter ☒  
Tele. Room ☒  
Holmes ☒  
Gandy ☒

SUBJECT: LETTERHEAD MEMORANDUM DATED *9/9/66*  
SEPTEMBER 9 RE MARTIN LUTHER KING - SECRET

On Saturday, September 10, 1966, approximately 11:35 a.m. James F. Flug of the Attorney General's office personally appeared at Mr. Gale's office and left the following note. "Re letterhead memo dated September 9 re Martin Luther King. The Attorney General would like to be informed immediately if there are any further developments regarding the matter disclosed in subject memo. The A.G. will be at home on weekend, except that he will be at the Statler Hotel for a speech tonight."

Inspector Donald E. Moore, Division 5, was contacted and advised that he was aware of this matter and would handle.

## ACTION:

### Information.

- 1 - Mr. DeLoach
- 1 - Mr. Rosen *sent*
- 1 - Mr. Sullivan *sent*
- 1 - Mr. Gale
- 1 - Mr. Eddy

LAW:jmm  
(6)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
DATE 1-17-81 BY SP4JRM/STW

EX-110

56 SEP 20 1966

16 SEP 16 1966

COPY SENT TO MR. TOLSON

*We know nothing further. King has been hampered by Dept of Justice. To point out is irrelevant. Possibility of any action being taken against him.*

*100-106670 2688*

F B I

Date: 9/9/66

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL  
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, MIAMI (157-new) (C)

RE: THREAT TO ASSASSINATE  
REV. MARTIN LUTHER KING  
RACIAL MATTERS

OO: MIAMI

Enclosed for the Bureau are 11 copies of an LHM,  
captioned and dated as above.

One copy each of enclosed LHM has been furnished  
U. S. Secret Service, 111th INTC Group and USA, Miami, Fla.

The source [REDACTED] b(2)

For the information of the Bureau, [REDACTED] b7(D)  
[REDACTED] b7(C)

- 3 - Bureau (Encs-11) (RM)  
2 - Atlanta (Encs-2) (RM)  
3 - Miami

- (1 - 157-514 - UKA)  
(1 - 157-1087 - PRV)

WDN:ggr  
(8)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
DATE 1-17-81 BY SP4JMK/LL  
6071

AGENCY: ACSI, ONI, OSI, SEC. SER.,  
DATT: ISD, CRD, RAO, CREFM  
DATE FORW: 9/13/66  
HOW FORW: R/S  
BY: CTB/JP 100-106670-2687

REC-13

SEP 12 1966

77 SEP 22 1966

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_  
Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_ M Per \_\_\_\_\_

XXXXXX  
XXXXXX  
XXXXXXFEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

1 Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.

- ☒ Deleted under exemption(s) b7(c) b7(D) with no segregable material available for release to you.
- ☐ Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to you or the subject of your request.
- ☐ Information pertained only to a third party. Your name is listed in the title only.
- ☐ Document(s) originating with the following government agency(ies) \_\_\_\_\_, was/were forwarded to them for direct response to you.

\_\_\_\_\_ Page(s) referred for consultation to the following government agency(ies); \_\_\_\_\_ as the information originated with them. You will be advised of availability upon return of the material to the FBI.

\_\_\_\_\_ Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

☐ For your information: \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

☒ The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:

100 - 106670 - 2687 pg. 1 l.h.m.

XXXXXX  
XXXXXX  
XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX  
X DELETED PAGE(S) X  
X NO DUPLICATION FEE X  
X FOR THIS PAGE X  
XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

**RE: THREAT TO ASSASSINATE  
REVEREND MARTIN LUTHER KING**

On September 9, 1966, information contained in this memorandum was furnished to [REDACTED] b7(c)  
[REDACTED] Ft. Lauderdale, Florida Police Department.

One copy each of this memorandum has been furnished to U. S. Secret Service, 111th INTC Group and U. S. Attorney at Miami, Florida.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

APPENDIX A

UNITED KLANS OF AMERICA, INC.  
KNIGHTS OF THE KU KLUX KLAN

Records of the Superior Court, Fulton County, Georgia, reflect this Klan organization was granted a corporate charter on February 21, 1961, at Atlanta, Georgia, under the name United Klans, Knights of the Ku Klux Klan of America, Inc.

A source advised on February 27, 1961, that United Klans was formed as a result of a split in U. S. Klans, Knights of the Ku Klux Klan, Inc. According to the source, the split resulted from a leadership dispute, and United Klans has the same aims and objectives as the parent group. These are the promotion of Americanism, white supremacy and segregation of the races.

The first source and a second source advised in July, 1961, that United Klans, Knights of the Ku Klux Klan of America, Inc., merged with Alabama Knights, Knights of the Ku Klux Klan. The merged organization established headquarters in Suite 401, Alston Building, Tuscaloosa, Alabama. The organization is directed by Robert Shelton, Imperial Wizard, and is the dominant Klan group in the South, with units in several southern states.

Second source advised that at a meeting at Prattville, Alabama, on October 22, 1961, the U. S. Klans, Knights of the Ku Klux Klan, merged with the United Klans of America, Inc., Knights of the Ku Klux Klan.

Third source advised on August 4, 1965, that the United Klans of America, Inc., Knights of the Ku Klux Klan, is currently an active organization with Klaverns in several southern states. This source said that Robert W. Shelton is the Imperial Wizard of this organization, and was last elected to this position on September 5, 1964, at a National Klans Convention in Birmingham, Alabama. Source said the activity of the UKA is increasing, and the national office remains in Suite 401, Alston Building, Tuscaloosa, Alabama.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

Miami, Florida  
September 9, 1966

Title        THREAT TO ASSASSINATE  
             REVEREND MARTIN LUTHER KING

Character    RACIAL MATTERS

Reference    Memorandum, dated and captioned  
             as above, at Miami, Florida.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities  
are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable  
information in the past.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Wick \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
Felt \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

TO : Mr. W. C. Sullivan

1 - Mr. DeLoach  
1 - Mr. Wick  
1 - Mr. Sullivan

DATE: September 8, 1966

FROM : F. J. Baumgardner

~~SECRET~~

1 - Mr. Baumgardner  
1 - Mr. Bland  
1 - Mr. Basher

SUBJECT: MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.  
SECURITY MATTER - C

*b(2) b(7)(D)*  
[redacted] advised that King held a conference on September 6, 1966, at New York City with several individuals including his principal advisors, Stanley Levison, Lawrence Reddick, Harry Wachtel, Bayard Rustin, and Clarence Jones, all of whom have subversive backgrounds.

The purpose of the conference was to consider an open letter Rustin prepared over King's signature to Negro youth imploring Negroes to adhere to nonviolence. Levison disagreed with a statement in the letter concerning funds for poor school children and jobs for youth. Levison said President Johnson had been asked "ninety times" for jobs but nothing had come of it. Levison said the time had come when King should threaten President Johnson that if no action is forthcoming by May, 1967, a march on Washington, D. C., would be organized.

Participants were unable to agree on a final draft of the letter. It will be reworked by Rustin for King's approval on September 11, 1966, and allegedly read over the National Broadcasting Company on September 12, 1966.

## RECOMMENDATION:

That copies of the enclosure be forwarded by routing slip to The Honorable Marvin Watson, Special Assistant to the President; John Stewart, Legislative Assistant to the Vice President; The Attorney General, the Deputy Attorney General, Assistant Attorneys General Yeagley and Doar.

Enclosure *sent 9-9-66*

PTB:scr  
(7)

DECLASSIFIED BY *DDI TRN/...*  
ON *1-17-81*

12 SEP 13 1966

~~SECRET~~

Classified by *6080 Lp/17AP*  
Exempt from GDS, Category *2*  
Date of Declassification Indefinite *11/17/77*

INT. SEC.



~~SECRET~~  
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20535

September 9, 1966

MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.

The following information was supplied by a confidential source of this Bureau who has furnished reliable information in the past.

Martin Luther King, Jr., President, Southern Christian Leadership Conference, on September 6, 1966, conferred with several individuals including his principal advisors, Stanley Levison, Lawrence Reddick, Harry Wachtel, Bayard Rustin, and Clarence Jones.

The purpose of the discussion was to consider an open letter Rustin had prepared over King's signature for distribution to Negro youth. The letter implored Negroes to adhere to nonviolent practices to gain equality. King commented the letter should be aimed at white people as well, otherwise he would be called an "Uncle Tom."

Levison disagreed with a statement in the letter which pointed out that King on September 5, 1966, had wired President Johnson and urged he provide funds for poor school children and to create public works for youth needing meaningful employment. Levison said President Johnson had been asked "ninety times" for jobs but nothing had come of it. Therefore, the time had come when King should threaten President Johnson that if no action is forthcoming by May, 1967, a march on Washington would be organized.

Participants were unable to agree on a final draft of the letter. Rustin stated he would put the finishing touches on the letter for King's approval when King returns to New York City on September 11, 1966.

According to the source, the letter will be read on the National Broadcasting Company on September 12, 1966.

~~SECRET~~

DECLASSIFIED BY *DD-501/50*  
ON *6-17-81*

GROUP 1  
Excluded from automatic  
downgrading and  
declassification

Classified by *6082 Ted/TAP*  
Exempt from GDS, Category *2*  
Date of Declassification Indefinite

*11/6/77*

ENCLOSURE

*100-100010 7L*



~~SECRET~~

MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.

[REDACTED]

b(1)

c

During the early 1940's, Bayard Rustin was a member of the Young Communist League, an organization which has been designated subversive pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

[REDACTED]

b7(c)

~~SECRET~~